

This Paper Consists of Two Sections—SECTION ONE.  
CIRCULATION  
Over 500,000 Sunday.  
Over 300,000 Daily.

VOLUME LXXIII.—NO. 302. C

# The Chicago Daily Tribune

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

POSTED BY THE TRIBUNE COMPANY.  
SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1914.—TWENTY PAGES.

\* PRICE ONE CENT. CHICAGO AND SUBURBS. TWO CENTS.

## GERMANS HAMMER RUSSIAN DEFENSE

### NATION SEES TRADE BOOM IN RATE RAISE

Commerce Board Gift to  
Eastern Roads Affects  
Whole Country.

### MEANS WORK FOR IDLE

### What Rate Decision Means to Country.

Thirty-five railroad systems comprising 112 railroad companies will get \$30,000,000 more revenue annually—perhaps more.

Shippers must pay approximately 5 per cent more freight on all commodities except coal, coke, iron ore, and such articles the rate on which are fixed by unexpired orders of the interstate commerce commission.

Increase affects shipments in territory east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio and Potomac rivers.

No increases granted on rail-lake-and-lake, lake-and-rail and rail-lake-and-lake rates.

Railroads will be able to place orders for steel and equipment and mills will re-employ thousands of men now idle.

Railroad credit will be strengthened, refinancing made more easy and rail securities will be regarded with more confidence by investors.

Decision heralded by bankers, railroad, and business men as tending to restore public confidence and hasten returning prosperity.

Chicago and the country as a whole expect an upturn in business, commerce, and industry as a result of the action of the interstate commerce commission yesterday in granting in part the 5 per cent advance in freight rates on railroads east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio and Potomac rivers.

Chicago, in the center of the region affected, will be affected favorably, in the opinion of business men. The unemployment situation will be mollified.

Exceptions to Rate Increase.  
The railroads are permitted to increase their freight charges 5 per cent except on lake and rail traffic and coal, coke, iron ore, and certain other traffic on which the commission heretofore has fixed rates adjudicated "reasonable."

As the increase applies to about 40 per cent of the gross tonnage it is conservatively estimated that the eastern carriers will realize additional annual profits approximating \$30,000,000. Some railroad officials, however, predict that the increase eventually will yield the full additional \$50,000,000 desired by the carriers to rehabilitate their finances and to meet maturing obligations.

Will Help Rail Financing.  
The commission allowed the advance in rates primarily to enable the railroads to weather the financial and industrial disturbances produced by the European war, and secondarily because the latest reports of the carriers show a much more serious diminution of net revenue than appeared when the blanket 5 per cent increase was denied on July 22.

It now is expected that the commission will allow the western roads to advance their rates 5 per cent. Increased tariffs on the greater part of their traffic already have been filed by the western roads, but have been suspended by the commission pending investigation.

### DANNENBERG PUT UNDER CHARGES BY FUNKHOUSER

Must Stand Trial for Alleged  
Offenses; One Echo of  
Levee Duel.

Formal charges alleging violations of the rules and regulations of the police department were filed yesterday against William C. Dannenberg, inspector of morals, by Second Deputy M. L. C. Funkhouser. The charges were signed by Chief Gleason, who turned them over to the civil service commission.

The charges are:  
Conduct unbecoming a police officer or employee of the police department.  
Disobedience of orders.  
Publicly criticizing the official action of a superior officer.  
Communicating or giving out information to any person concerning the business of the department to the detriment of the department.

Echo of Levee Shooting.  
The charges contain seven specifications, one of which refers to the night of the Twenty-second street shooting affray in which Detective Sergeant Stanley J. Birns was killed. Maj. Funkhouser says Inspector Dannenberg was personally conducting raids in the levee district that night in violation of orders previously given him.

Another charge is that Dannenberg turned over to the keeper of a disorderly house an anonymous letter which the morale inspector had received giving information concerning the keeper. Most of the other charges refer to certain interviews alleged to have been given out by Dannenberg criticizing the police department and especially the Twenty-second street police.

Maj. Funkhouser declined to discuss the charges.  
"I filed them and they speak for themselves," he said.

"Jealousy," Dannenberg Says.  
Mr. Dannenberg says there is nothing in his record of which he is ashamed. "The charges are a culmination of a series of incidents which have created more or less jealousy," Mr. Dannenberg said. "My record is clear. My record as an investigator for the federal authorities cannot be touched. I have done my work as morale inspector to the best of my ability."

Most of the charges are based on flimsy technicalities which I can prove, or hope to be able to prove, false. "I am going to show up at the office as usual tomorrow and go on with my work."

Mr. Dannenberg took up in order each of the seven specific violations mentioned and answered them. The specifications and Mr. Dannenberg's replies follow:

FIRST SPECIFICATION.  
The charge—Mr. Dannenberg "has by reason of his insubordination, disobedience of orders, dilatory, and lack of discipline, disrupted the organization of said morale section and impaired discipline and efficiency of the clerical, clerical."

Mr. Dannenberg took up in order each of the seven specific violations mentioned and answered them. The specifications and Mr. Dannenberg's replies follow:

FIRST SPECIFICATION.  
The charge—Mr. Dannenberg "has by reason of his insubordination, disobedience of orders, dilatory, and lack of discipline, disrupted the organization of said morale section and impaired discipline and efficiency of the clerical, clerical."

Mr. Dannenberg took up in order each of the seven specific violations mentioned and answered them. The specifications and Mr. Dannenberg's replies follow:

### HOORAY!!! PROSPERITY FOR CHRISTMAS!!!

BEFORE THE INCREASE WAS GRANTED.

"THE GRANTING OF AN INCREASE IN FREIGHT RATES TO THE RAILROADS WILL HAVE AN ENORMOUS EFFECT IN PROMOTING PROSPERITY IN THIS COUNTRY."

### HOORAY!!! PROSPERITY FOR CHRISTMAS!!!

NOW LET US HOPE HE WAS A GOOD PROPHET.

"I HOPE HIS PROPHECY WILL SPEEDILY BE FULFILLED."

### HOORAY!!! PROSPERITY FOR CHRISTMAS!!!

NOW LET US HOPE HE WAS A GOOD PROPHET.

"I HOPE HIS PROPHECY WILL SPEEDILY BE FULFILLED."

### HOORAY!!! PROSPERITY FOR CHRISTMAS!!!

NOW LET US HOPE HE WAS A GOOD PROPHET.

"I HOPE HIS PROPHECY WILL SPEEDILY BE FULFILLED."

### HOORAY!!! PROSPERITY FOR CHRISTMAS!!!

NOW LET US HOPE HE WAS A GOOD PROPHET.

"I HOPE HIS PROPHECY WILL SPEEDILY BE FULFILLED."

### HOORAY!!! PROSPERITY FOR CHRISTMAS!!!

NOW LET US HOPE HE WAS A GOOD PROPHET.

"I HOPE HIS PROPHECY WILL SPEEDILY BE FULFILLED."

### THE WEATHER.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1914.

For Chicago and vicinity: Light snow Saturday night; Sunday, partly cloudy and somewhat colder; fresh west, shifting to northwest winds.

For Illinois: Snow Saturday night; Sunday, partly cloudy and somewhat colder; fresh west, shifting to northwest winds.

For the north: Fresh west, shifting to northwest winds.

For the south: Fresh west, shifting to northwest winds.

For the west: Fresh west, shifting to northwest winds.

For the east: Fresh west, shifting to northwest winds.

For the south: Fresh west, shifting to northwest winds.

For the west: Fresh west, shifting to northwest winds.

For the east: Fresh west, shifting to northwest winds.

For the south: Fresh west, shifting to northwest winds.

For the west: Fresh west, shifting to northwest winds.

For the east: Fresh west, shifting to northwest winds.

For the south: Fresh west, shifting to northwest winds.

For the west: Fresh west, shifting to northwest winds.

For the east: Fresh west, shifting to northwest winds.

For the south: Fresh west, shifting to northwest winds.

For the west: Fresh west, shifting to northwest winds.

For the east: Fresh west, shifting to northwest winds.

For the south: Fresh west, shifting to northwest winds.

For the west: Fresh west, shifting to northwest winds.

### ROB NEWLYWEDS AND MERCHANT OF \$56,000 GEMS

New York Crooks Leave No  
Clue; Honeymooners'  
Identity Hidden.

The hazards of their own city, with streets overrun by holdup men, vandals, and burglars, have not deterred two Chicago couples from attempting to rob a jewelry store in New York City.

The two couples, who were not identified, were seen by a patrolman on the corner of Broadway and 14th street, where they were seen to enter a jewelry store.

The two couples, who were not identified, were seen by a patrolman on the corner of Broadway and 14th street, where they were seen to enter a jewelry store.

The two couples, who were not identified, were seen by a patrolman on the corner of Broadway and 14th street, where they were seen to enter a jewelry store.

The two couples, who were not identified, were seen by a patrolman on the corner of Broadway and 14th street, where they were seen to enter a jewelry store.

The two couples, who were not identified, were seen by a patrolman on the corner of Broadway and 14th street, where they were seen to enter a jewelry store.

The two couples, who were not identified, were seen by a patrolman on the corner of Broadway and 14th street, where they were seen to enter a jewelry store.

The two couples, who were not identified, were seen by a patrolman on the corner of Broadway and 14th street, where they were seen to enter a jewelry store.

The two couples, who were not identified, were seen by a patrolman on the corner of Broadway and 14th street, where they were seen to enter a jewelry store.

### Aged Postal Aid Faints When He Hears of Ouster

Oscar Nelson Says It's  
Wrong to "Fire" Un-  
pensioned Men.

Charles Siegel fainted when given a preliminary notice of discharge from the postal service. He went to his home yesterday from the hospital.

Siegel was one of five men who received letters of the same sort from Postmaster Campbell. The letters instructed the men to state the reasons why they should not be discharged to the postal authorities at Washington.

Less Than 30 Per Cent Efficient.  
Siegel is 61 years old and, according to the report of his superintendent, is less than 30 per cent efficient because of a bullet wound in the head.

When the men were given notice they went to Oscar Nelson, formerly president of the National Federation of Postal Clerks, and now chief factory inspector for the post office.

It is particularly cruel to discharge the men at this time of the year, said Mr. Nelson. "They are most of them men grown old in the service, who have absolutely no other means of support."

They will have a bitter Christmas. It seems to me that they might have been retained for at least a few more weeks. The department puts on airs to tide it over the rush season and these men might be put at some sort of simple work that they are not too feeble to do.

Of course, the real reason to be learned from this is the need of some sort of pension system for the civil service. The government makes absolutely no provision for these poor men."

Campbell for Pension.  
Postmaster Campbell agreed it was nothing short of cruelty to discharge the men, but he explained that no other course was open to him.

The government demands a definite standard of efficiency from all men, he said. "These men have fallen below the minimum. If a man falls below 60 per cent, he is assigned to a lower classification. If he falls below 30 per cent, he is discharged."

### U.S. TO STAND PAT ON NAVAL PLANS FOR COMING YEAR

House Committee Will Not  
Remedy Weaknesses Dis-  
closed at Hearing.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 18.—(Special.)—A discussion of preparations for war brought on today in the chamber of the house committee on naval affairs.

Representative Gardner of Massachusetts, who is urging an inquiry into the state of the national defense, introduced Representative Witherspoon of Mississippi, an "extreme pacifist," that the latter left the room to avoid physical combat with the New Englander.

Representative Gardner of Indiana then took up the case of battle and, after provoking Mr. Gardner to the point of assault, dramatically withdrew from the engagement with a declaration to the effect that he would not ask any more questions.

No Change in Naval Program.  
At the conclusion of Mr. Gardner's testimony hearings on the question of preparedness were closed. Work will begin immediately on the annual appropriation bill.

Democratic members of the committee have reached an agreement among themselves not to correct any of the deficiencies pointed out during the hearings. Instead they intend to proceed along the old lines.

They will do just what Secretary Daniels has recommended, thus going on record again as preferring the recommendations of a civilian "little navy" secretary to those of the general board of naval experts.

Appropriations will be made for two battleships, eight submarines, and various auxiliary vessels. It is expected that the appropriation bill will be ready for consideration early next week.

Defies "Little Navy" Men.  
Mr. Gardner appeared before the committee today with full knowledge that he wasn't wanted by a majority of the members. He was provoked at their attitude.

His temper rose as he began his testimony, and he was fairly bursting with anger before he had proceeded far.

### "To a Would-Be-Umpire" Poem Aims at America.

(By Cable to the Chicago Tribune.)  
LONDON, Dec. 18.—The Evening News prints the following poem entitled "To a Would-Be Umpire," by William Watson:

Great Persians babbled not of peace while free  
To read were still the gorgeous talons. Nor  
Did mighty Thebes, while the minotaur  
Took his red toll of white virginity,  
Crave meditation. Glaucus' son,  
When he  
Vanquished the triple mouthed chimera for  
The Lycians, reined not back his furious war  
Till he had felled the monster's  
foreheads three.

Nor shall St. George of England stay his spear  
In parley while his ravens  
Ravage over life and tread  
down arts and laws.  
To you, far westward, we will  
give an ear  
Where sage and safe you sit;  
but how we first  
The dragon's teeth out of the  
dragon's jaws.

### FEMININE PAPER MAY END: WOMEN WRITE, GET NO ADS.

The North Shore Review's Fate to  
Be Decided at Conference with  
John C. Shaffer.

The North Shore Review, probably the only newspaper in the world completely manned by women, is close to the rocks.

Feminine journalism and business management apparently have failed, and it is said that John C. Shaffer, founder and owner of the Review, has issued orders to suspend publication.

Rumors of the suspension of the Review took shape in Evanston yesterday following the announcement that the Weekly Index had been consolidated with the Daily News, but Carroll Shaffer, son of the owner, John C. Shaffer, denied these was any relation between the impending changes in the north shore newspaper field.

"Nothing definite has been decided," Carroll Shaffer said. "But I think the fate of the Review will be known within a week. There will be a conference on the situation. That is all I can say."

The Review has built up a good circulation, not only along the north shore but throughout the country, in its short life. But advertising was slow to come. The women who have directed it are Lillian Hartman Johnson, managing editor; Gladys Shackelford, city editor, and Mabel Mason, business manager.

WOMAN SLAYER IS FREED  
AFTER 36 YEARS IN PRISON.  
Mrs. Kate Cobb of Norwich, Conn., Planned Murders with Man—Each Killed Spouse.

### WAR NEWS OF LAST 24 HOURS.

GERMANS hope defeat of Russian armies will end threats of invasion. Berlin expects Von Hindenburg to make victory in Poland decisive. Austria claims further repulse of Russians in Galicia. Petrograd denies Russian forces have met disaster.

BRITISH insist khedive and appoint his uncle as sultan of Egypt; guarantee protection of territory.

ALLIES claim advances in Belgium and northern France, while Germans insist the attacks have been repulsed.

ROMANIA believed to be on verge of joining forces of allies against alliance; royal commission in United States to purchase munitions of war.

FRENCH minister of finance proposes 1915 budget to chamber of deputies; shows high cost of war and intimates clash will be to a finish.

BERLIN, Dec. 18.—The official news bureau of the German ministry of war made public the following statement today:

"Although the headquarters report is chary of details, there is general expectation that the Russian defeat will prove to have been complete. That Field Marshal von Hindenburg will follow up his advantage to the full extent may confidently be expected."

"From details already available it seems safe to say that the victory has freed Germany for a long period from any possible menace of invasion from the east."

"The Austrians appear to have done their work quite as thoroughly. Vienna's report indicates that the Russians still are maintaining the aggressive in the Carpathians, but declares that they are retreating elsewhere."

"The political effect of the victory also is likely to be advantageous as regards certain powers whose attitude might depend on the course of the events of the war."



almost complete lull on nearly all the front has replaced the attacks made by the enemy in the course of the last few days. All of these attacks were repulsed.

"In connection with the advance of part of our troops towards the River in view of the fact that the Austrians are continually receiving reinforcements in the Carpathians, we have thought fit to rearrange the positions of some of our armies."

**Claims Austrians Are Checked.**

"We checked the offensive of the enemy yesterday in western Galicia. On the front between Sank and Lisko we have succeeded in our offensive and have captured 3,000 prisoners, several guns and machineguns."

**England Fuzzed by Reports.**

LONDON, Dec. 18.—Although there seems no doubt that the Russians are retreating and that for the present any anticipations the allies may have held of an early invasion of Germany must be dismissed, considerable mystery surrounds the reported decisive victory by the Germans which Berlin celebrated last night.

Vienna gives a few details of the fighting in the east. The claim is made that the Russians have been driven out from the positions north of the Carpathian mountains from Krosno to Zakolyn, which would indicate that part of the southern line of railway in Galicia again is in the hands of the Austrians, and that Plozk and another central Poland town have been stormed.

**German Victory Not Explained.**

Silence is maintained as regards the Poland, where the German victory is said to have been achieved. The German official report dismisses this battle with the statement that in Poland we are still pursuing the enemy, who continues to give way."

Amsterdam dispatches serve to heighten the confusion over the situation by quoting Berlin papers which say that the enemy is still pursuing the enemy, who continues to give way."

**REVOLT IN SOUTH AFRICA ENDED, GEN. BOTHA HOLDS.**

**British Colonies Premier Takes Vacation Before Starting Campaign Against German Possessions.**

CAPETOWN, Union of South Africa, Dec. 18.—Gen. Louis Botha, premier of the Union of South Africa, who has been the rebel, apart from the rounding up of a few stray bands, is at an end. Accordingly, he has gone for a short vacation on his farm before undertaking a campaign against German Southwest Africa.

With the capture of Gen. de Wet and the death of Gen. Beyers in an engagement, the South African government recently announced that the rebellion started by the leaders was practically at an end.

**DU PONT RELATIVE SUICIDE.**

**H. K. Preston, Brother-in-Law of Powder Magnate, Ends Life Over Business Worries.**

Wilmington, Del., Dec. 18.—[Special.]—While visiting her brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Francis I. Du Pont, here today, Mrs. Du Pont was notified of the suicide of her husband at their home in Germantown, Philadelphia. Du Pont is a powder magnate.

Preston, aged 50, swallowed cyanide of potassium because of worries over large declines in the values of gold and coal mining properties in the west that he promoted.

A daughter, Mrs. Walter R. Mitchell of Chicago, arrived unexpectedly to give her parents a holiday surprise and found the house guarded by police.

**STUDENTS BEAT QUARANTINE**

Seventy-five Flea McKendree College Five Minutes Before Scarlet Fever Ban Is Fixed.

Lebanon, Ill., Dec. 18.—[Special.]—Seventy-five students of McKendree college beat the quarantine officer by five minutes today and, shedding a trail of socks, underwear, brilliant ties, and other odds and ends from hastily packed suit cases, marked a plain record in defiance.

Five minutes later G. W. Creed, a member of the board of health, had quarantined the college because of scarlet fever in the dormitory.

The girls' dormitory was not quarantined and the young ladies did not wait for developments.

**KAISER TO GO TO FRONT.**

Plan of German Ruler, Who Has Been Ill for Some Time, Is to Be With Soldiers in Week.

AMSTERDAM, via London, Dec. 18.—According to the Telegram, Emperor William, who has been detained in Berlin for some time because of illness, will return to the front in a week. The emperor, the dispatch says, has just conferred the decoration of the Iron Cross, first class, on Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg.

**KNIFE PITTSBURGH VICE FOE.**

Dr. George A. Dillinger, Councilman, in Hospital, but May Recover.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 18.—As a result, it is believed, of his activity in aiding in the crusade against resorts, an attempt was made tonight to assassinate Dr. George A. Dillinger, a councilman. Dr. Dillinger is in a hospital, but the stab wound in the neck is not believed to be fatal.

**HOLDS CONFERENCE IN ROME**

Prince von Buelow, New German Envoy to Italy, Talks with Foreign Minister.

ROME, Dec. 18.—Prince von Buelow, the special ambassador of Germany to Italy, during the illness of Herr Piolow, had a conference of an hour today with Baron Sonnino, the minister of foreign affairs. Important developments are expected as a result of the mission of Prince von Buelow.

**LINCOLN SCULPTOR CHOSEN.**

Daniel C. French Will Model Bronze Statue for Memorial Structure in Washington, D. C.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 18.—Daniel Chester French of New York was chosen today as sculptor of the bronze statue of Lincoln, which will form a part of the Lincoln Memorial structure here.

## BRITISHERS TRAP 40 "RAIDERS" OF CREW OF EMDEN

**Survivors of German Terror Caught in Collier They Had Commandeered.**

PARIS, Dec. 18.—The ministry of marine announced today that the British auxiliary cruiser Empress of Japan had captured the collier Emden, having on board three officers and forty men from the German cruiser Emden, sunk Nov. 10 by the Australian cruiser Sydney.

These are the forty men who escaped to Cocos island and subsequently sailed away in a commandeered schooner. A dispatch from Manila two days ago said the men later captured a collier, on which they mounted two machine guns, evidently brought with them from the Emden, and began raiding commerce in the Pacific.

A Tokyo dispatch today confirmed the announcement of the ministry of marine. An Amsterdam dispatch to Reuters gives the text of a German official statement which claims that two of the British destroyers which attacked the German raiding squadron off the British coast were sunk.

The admiralty, however, has issued a statement denying that any British ships were lost during the raid.

That the British destroyer Hardy was among the warships which engaged the German squadron after the raid was disclosed by an admiralty casualty list issued tonight. The list shows that two men were killed and fifteen were wounded aboard the Hardy.

The coroners of the three towns which were bombarded still are busy holding inquiries over the bodies of victims.

As a result of the bombardment the kingdom has been flooded with posters reading: "Average Scarborough! Up and at 'em now!"

**Turk Barracks Destroyed.**

PARIS, Dec. 18.—The Havas agency's correspondent at Athens reports that the recent bombardment by a British fleet in the Gulf of Salonica, immediately north of the Dardanelles, completely destroyed the Turkish barracks on shore and seriously damaged the fortifications. The Turks, panic stricken, fled to the interior.

**Cruiser Australia in Peru.**

CALLAO, Peru, Dec. 18.—The Australian battle cruiser Australia arrived here this evening.

**FR. KELLEY CORROBORATES ROOSEVELT ON MEXICO.**

**Says He Has Original of Stories Concerning Atrocities Committed in Republic of the South.**

The Very Rev. Francis C. Kelley, who recently returned from Mexico, where he disclosed atrocities committed against priests and nuns, lectured last night under the auspices of the Holy Name society of St. Sebastian church on "The Truth about Mexico."

Father Kelley corroborated the statements made by former President Roosevelt in his recent stories concerning Mexico, and stated that he had the originals of the affidavits used by Mr. Roosevelt.

"I have no political interest in this matter," Father Kelley said. "I am concerned simply with the facts. I think President Wilson has been willfully deceived by the men he has sent to Mexico to investigate."

"I have the names of the men who financed the revolution and who kept it going. These men represent English and American commercial interests."

"The Constitutionalist maintain that they believe in a pure democracy, but the essence of a pure democracy means religious liberty, and as a matter of fact for over fifty years there has been no religious liberty in Mexico."

**ROUMANIA MAY JOIN WAR; SEEKS MUNITIONS IN U. S.**

**Royal Commission Arrives to Buy Arms—Nation Will Help Allies and Invade Austria.**

Washington, D. C., Dec. 18.—[Special.]—What is regarded here as evidence that Roumania has decided to throw itself into the European conflict against Austria and Germany was given today by the arrival of a royal commission from that country to purchase munitions and war supplies, especially arms and ammunition, from American manufacturers.

Besides arms and ammunition they probably will place contracts for horses, foodstuffs, clothing, and other munitions which American manufacturers could ship with the guaranty of British naval protection to Roumania.

The Transvaal correspondent today was shown the copy of a letter written from Austria and just received here, in which it was said that Austria has no doubts about Roumania's intentions and already has mobilized forces intent upon opposing an invasion of Transylvania, the Austrian province which is inhabited chiefly by Roumanians and which that country wishes again to connect with the mother state.

**THREE SCANDINAVIAN KINGS OPEN NOTABLE CONFERENCE.**

**Meet to Formulate Agreement to Combine Their Interests During Period of War.**

MALMOE, Sweden, via London, Dec. 18.—King Gustav of Sweden, King Haakon of Norway, and King Christian of Denmark today opened their conference here at which they are to formulate an agreement designed to combine their respective interests during the period of the war.

The meeting of King Haakon and King Gustav was of unusual interest, since it was the first time that the rulers of these countries had met since Norway severed her connection with Sweden in 1905.

The royal conference is being held in an ancient dwelling in the marketplace of Malmo, the headquarters of the present lord lieutenant.

The greeting of the monarchs was of the most cordial nature. The town is profusely decorated and crowds lining the streets cheered the sovereigns.

## Back from War Zone, Tells of Soldiers' Life in Trenches

George F. Porter, who returned to Chicago yesterday after four months in the western war zone, told a Tribune reporter of his experiences.

"My most interesting experience was being within a few miles of Antwerp during the bombardment, and returning there as soon as I was able to get the necessary passes and papers from the German legation in Holland."

"I was bearing dispatches to the American consul, for all regular communication with Antwerp was entirely broken and had no serious difficulties in entering the city."

"Later I joined the American volunteer ambulance corps, organized by Richard Norton, a Harvard graduate, the ambulances of which are manned by Americans, mostly Yale, Harvard, and Princeton graduates. In one of these I motored parallel to the French lines from Compiègne to Doullens."

**Get Close to the Fighting.**

"We were visiting various hospitals and at certain points found ourselves close to the fighting. We were well within the sound of the cannon, although never under fire. We were stopped entering and leaving every little town, and at any important points by sentries, who examined our passes most closely. It is impossible to motor anywhere in France without having the proper passes. It is even impossible to buy a railroad ticket without papers giving the necessary authority."

Just before leaving London I was fortunate in seeing a number of English officers who had been through the worst of the fighting from the very beginning and were home on seventy-two hours' leave. The English are in the trenches for seventy-two hour shifts, and then seventy-two hours in the rear in billets, always likely to be called on for emergency work and generally in the firing zone."

**English Ordered to Stay in Trenches**

"The English orders are never to leave the trenches. The French, when hard

pressed, retreat from their trenches, reorganize, and charging back, retake them. The difference is not one of courage but of tactics, founded on the different temperaments."

"The Germans," said these officers, "are always attacking us, sometimes four or five attacks in a night, and each attack with fresh troops. They never leave us alone for a minute."

"In addition, the German gunners are extremely accurate with their ranges, and after the location of a trench is once known shells are continuously crashing about it. The casualties among the English officers have been terrific. The German sharpshooters are directed only to pick off officers. Privates can pass within forty or fifty yards unscathed, but an officer, the moment he shows himself, is the target, and, although the officers leave off their special insignia, their bearing or their actions betray them."

**Speak Highly of German Courage.**

"The English speak most highly of the courage of the attacking Germans, and say that their casualties are much greater than the sound of the cannon, although never under fire. We were stopped entering and leaving every little town, and at any important points by sentries, who examined our passes most closely. It is impossible to motor anywhere in France without having the proper passes. It is even impossible to buy a railroad ticket without papers giving the necessary authority."

Just before leaving London I was fortunate in seeing a number of English officers who had been through the worst of the fighting from the very beginning and were home on seventy-two hours' leave. The English are in the trenches for seventy-two hour shifts, and then seventy-two hours in the rear in billets, always likely to be called on for emergency work and generally in the firing zone."

**English Ordered to Stay in Trenches**

"The English orders are never to leave the trenches. The French, when hard

pressed, retreat from their trenches, reorganize, and charging back, retake them. The difference is not one of courage but of tactics, founded on the different temperaments."

"The Germans," said these officers, "are always attacking us, sometimes four or five attacks in a night, and each attack with fresh troops. They never leave us alone for a minute."

"In addition, the German gunners are extremely accurate with their ranges, and after the location of a trench is once known shells are continuously crashing about it. The casualties among the English officers have been terrific. The German sharpshooters are directed only to pick off officers. Privates can pass within forty or fifty yards unscathed, but an officer, the moment he shows himself, is the target, and, although the officers leave off their special insignia, their bearing or their actions betray them."

**Speak Highly of German Courage.**

"The English speak most highly of the courage of the attacking Germans, and say that their casualties are much greater than the sound of the cannon, although never under fire. We were stopped entering and leaving every little town, and at any important points by sentries, who examined our passes most closely. It is impossible to motor anywhere in France without having the proper passes. It is even impossible to buy a railroad ticket without papers giving the necessary authority."

Just before leaving London I was fortunate in seeing a number of English officers who had been through the worst of the fighting from the very beginning and were home on seventy-two hours' leave. The English are in the trenches for seventy-two hour shifts, and then seventy-two hours in the rear in billets, always likely to be called on for emergency work and generally in the firing zone."

**English Ordered to Stay in Trenches**

"The English orders are never to leave the trenches. The French, when hard

pressed, retreat from their trenches, reorganize, and charging back, retake them. The difference is not one of courage but of tactics, founded on the different temperaments."

"The Germans," said these officers, "are always attacking us, sometimes four or five attacks in a night, and each attack with fresh troops. They never leave us alone for a minute."

"In addition, the German gunners are extremely accurate with their ranges, and after the location of a trench is once known shells are continuously crashing about it. The casualties among the English officers have been terrific. The German sharpshooters are directed only to pick off officers. Privates can pass within forty or fifty yards unscathed, but an officer, the moment he shows himself, is the target, and, although the officers leave off their special insignia, their bearing or their actions betray them."

**Speak Highly of German Courage.**

"The English speak most highly of the courage of the attacking Germans, and say that their casualties are much greater than the sound of the cannon, although never under fire. We were stopped entering and leaving every little town, and at any important points by sentries, who examined our passes most closely. It is impossible to motor anywhere in France without having the proper passes. It is even impossible to buy a railroad ticket without papers giving the necessary authority."

Just before leaving London I was fortunate in seeing a number of English officers who had been through the worst of the fighting from the very beginning and were home on seventy-two hours' leave. The English are in the trenches for seventy-two hour shifts, and then seventy-two hours in the rear in billets, always likely to be called on for emergency work and generally in the firing zone."

**English Ordered to Stay in Trenches**

"The English orders are never to leave the trenches. The French, when hard

pressed, retreat from their trenches, reorganize, and charging back, retake them. The difference is not one of courage but of tactics, founded on the different temperaments."

"The Germans," said these officers, "are always attacking us, sometimes four or five attacks in a night, and each attack with fresh troops. They never leave us alone for a minute."

"In addition, the German gunners are extremely accurate with their ranges, and after the location of a trench is once known shells are continuously crashing about it. The casualties among the English officers have been terrific. The German sharpshooters are directed only to pick off officers. Privates can pass within forty or fifty yards unscathed, but an officer, the moment he shows himself, is the target, and, although the officers leave off their special insignia, their bearing or their actions betray them."

**Speak Highly of German Courage.**

"The English speak most highly of the courage of the attacking Germans, and say that their casualties are much greater than the sound of the cannon, although never under fire. We were stopped entering and leaving every little town, and at any important points by sentries, who examined our passes most closely. It is impossible to motor anywhere in France without having the proper passes. It is even impossible to buy a railroad ticket without papers giving the necessary authority."

Just before leaving London I was fortunate in seeing a number of English officers who had been through the worst of the fighting from the very beginning and were home on seventy-two hours' leave. The English are in the trenches for seventy-two hour shifts, and then seventy-two hours in the rear in billets, always likely to be called on for emergency work and generally in the firing zone."

**English Ordered to Stay in Trenches**

"The English orders are never to leave the trenches. The French, when hard

pressed, retreat from their trenches, reorganize, and charging back, retake them. The difference is not one of courage but of tactics, founded on the different temperaments."

## ALLIED ARMIES BREAK THROUGH GERMAN LINES

**Take Advantage of Weak Spot Below Dixmude; Advance Past Middelkerke.**

LONDON, Dec. 19, 3:51 a. m.—A Times correspondent in northern France, writing under date of Thursday, says:

"The allies have advanced. Their troops are reported to have passed Middelkerke and to have broken through the German line just below Dixmude."

[By Cable to The Chicago Tribune.]

LONDON, Dec. 18.—Steady advances in Belgium were reported by the allies. The French official statement issued tonight says the Germans have been pushed back along the Downs at the northeast of Neuport. It was necessary to put up a stubborn fight, for the Germans at the north of the road between Ypres and Menin attempted two counter attacks, which failed.

**French Make Advance.**

The British troops report a slight advance in the region of Arras.

At all other points along the battle line, with the exception of the Verdun region, where the French artillery destroyed two German batteries, there was no activity, the report says.

**Germans Claim Victories.**

BERLIN, Dec. 18.—The German war office this afternoon gave out an official statement as follows:

"The fighting in Nieuport continues favorably, but no decision yet has been reached."

"The French attacks between La Bassée and Arras on both sides of the River Somme have resulted in failure, with severe losses to the enemy. On the Somme the French lost 1,200 men in prisoners and at least 1,500 in dead; our own losses are under 200."

"In the Argonne forest our successful attack resulted in the capture of some 700 prisoners, in addition to war material. There have been no important developments elsewhere on the western front."

**Concerns 7,000,000 People.**

"I am not offering either of these views as being my own. I am merely placing before you the argument which is in progress among these clashing powers in reference to a matter which concerns the life of 7,000,000 persons, of whom 5,000,000 are women and children."

"At this moment, surrounded by a ring of steel, 1,500,000 persons are in the bread line and no household in Belgium has bread to eat except it comes through us."

"The American people's ideals of humanity never have shown as brightly as at present."

**Alleged Traitor Escapes Death.**

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The Court of Criminal Appeal today annulled the conviction of Nicholas Ali, who, on Dec. 10, was sentenced to death for treason, a naturalized Englishman, formerly was German consul in London.

## YANKEE RELIEF SAVES BELGIANS

**Seven Million People Depend on Foodstuffs from the United States.**

**ARE GETTING IT, TOO.**

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The members of the American commission for relief in Belgium were decorated today by American business men at the Luncheon club.

Herbert C. Hoover, the chairman, describing the work of the national committee in Belgium, said:

"It's patron, protector, and most ardent spirit is the American minister, Brand Whitlock, for whom the Belgian people cherish a justifiable and undying affection."

Mr. Hoover described the financial plan mapped out by the commission under which every cent collected in America is expended for the actual purchase of food, without any deductions for the cost of delivery and distribution. The result is that there has already been provided food of an aggregate value of between \$7,000,000 and \$10,000,000.

**Thirty-two Ships in Use.**

The commission now has on the way or under charter thirty-two ships, which will provide an adequate supply of food until Feb. 12.

Mr. Hoover pointed out the absolute necessity of having active workers on the commission, stating that even the diplomatic members were not merely ornamental.

Discussing the relations the commission has established with the Germans, Mr. Hoover said:

"The Germans are not interfering with the distribution of this foodstuff. Not one mouthful has gone down a German throat yet, nor do I believe it ever will. We have had nothing but help from the Germans."

**Concerns 7,000,000 People.**

"I am not offering either of these views as being my own. I am merely placing before you the argument which is in progress among these clashing powers in reference to a matter which concerns the life of 7,000,000 persons, of whom 5,000,000 are women and children."

"At this moment, surrounded by a ring of steel, 1,500,000 persons are in the bread line and no household in Belgium has bread to eat except it comes through us."

"The American people's ideals of humanity never have shown as brightly as at present."

**Alleged Traitor Escapes Death.**

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The Court of Criminal Appeal today annulled the conviction of Nicholas Ali, who, on Dec. 10, was sentenced to death for treason, a naturalized Englishman, formerly was German consul in London.

## BRITISH ASSUME RULE OF EGYPT; NAME A SULTAN

**Depose Khedive, Who Took Up Cudgels of Alliance; Will Protect Subjects.**

LONDON, Dec. 18.—A British protectorate over Egypt was proclaimed today. Prince Hussein Kemal has been appointed sultan and has accepted that position. He is an uncle of Abbas Hilmi, until now khedive.

The French government has recognized the British protectorate over the country in which France formerly had such important interests, and in return the British government has given notice that it adheres to the Franco-Moroccan treaty of 1912 which, following the Agadir affair, gave France a protectorate over Morocco.

**British Will Protect Egypt.**

In a letter to Prince Hussein on his appointment, the British acting high commissioner for Egypt, Milne Cheetham, announced that Great Britain accepts all responsibilities for the defense of the territory under the new sultan, that all Egyptian subjects will be entitled to the protection of Great Britain, that with the disappearance of Ottoman suzerainty the restrictions placed by Ottoman firman under the numbers and organization of the army will disappear, and that the relations with foreign powers will be conducted by a British representative in Cairo.

It is also asserted that the religious convictions of the Egyptian subjects will be respected scrupulously.

**CAPT. H. LYNDBURST BRUCE OF SCOTS GUARDS KILLED.**

Eldest Son of Lord Aberdare, Who Wed Camille Clifford, American Actress in 1908, Falls in Battle.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The name of Capt. the Hon. Henry Lyndhurst Bruce of the Royal Scots Guards appears in tonight's list of officers killed in action.

Capt. Bruce, who was the eldest son of Lord Aberdare, married in 1903 Camille Clifford, an American actress.

He met her while she was playing in an American musical production in London.

## CHRISTMAS GIVING

Let us make our Gifts this year with thankfulness for the Peace and Good Will which prevail amongst us.

The assured returning of prosperity and the desire to make good cheer for those who are dear to us, while not forgetting the poor and unfortunate, will make this year's Christmas a real old-fashioned one.

A gift from SPAULDING & CO. carries with it a prestige and a guarantee of excellence which means pleasure and satisfaction to both giver and recipient.

We have consistently adhered to the policy of maintaining excellence in our wares, and made the name of SPAULDING & CO. synonymous with all that is best in

**Diamond, Pearl and Precious Stone Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Leather Goods, etc.**

We solicit your business on the merit of our goods and the fairness of our prices.

The abundance of comparatively inexpensive articles, both of European and American make—all of the Spaulding standard—which we have secured for this season, makes our establishment a most attractive place for those who wish to purchase gifts of moderate cost.

We shall welcome your call even though you do not expect to buy—it will make your Christmas buying easier.

**SPAULDING & CO.**

Goldsmiths, Silversmiths and Jewelers  
Michigan Avenue at Van Buren Street  
CHICAGO

## DETECT AFTER TO GE

**Hoynes' M. Lawyer to "Waco"**

A hot race Charles E. Hoynes' office two fugitives connected with the joint conducted the men sought by Detective Sergeant J. M. Hoynes, who he can advise from the justice courts.

Hoynes' men to San Antonio, where they were arrested. Hoynes' men to San Antonio, where they were arrested. Hoynes' men to San Antonio, where they were arrested.

**REVUELL & CO.**

**Until Christmas If Desired**

Christmas gifts purchased now will be held in our storerooms and delivered any day you may desire before Christmas. We have secured extra vans, trucks and wagons for the delivery of the thousands of gifts we are selling.

**ALEXANDER H. REVUELL & CO.**

Corner Wabash Ave. and Adams St.

**An ideal gift—for man or woman,—appropriate for the holidays,—of moderate cost,—yet the best of its kind:—a pair of**

**FOWNES**

**ur-lined glove**

Good retailers carry these celebrated gloves in Capes & Mochas lined with finest, softest fur; also wool-lined, silk-lined and unlined.

Fur-lined from \$4.00 upward. Wool and Silk-lined from \$2.00; unlined from \$1.50.

Elegance, good taste and solid worth united in a friendship gift of rare quality.

"It's a Fownes—that's all you need to know about a glove."

**CONSUMERS TO 700**

Chicago Ice Every Id. ting Frozen

Kenosha, Wis. Every unemployed is willing to work for money. For twenty years Chicago have been unemployed. Kenosha office of the Chicago and St. Paul has been announced. Stahl had been in the city for a long time. Hundreds of men are unemployed.

**ROBBED OF**

Fawnbroker B. "Accept Ten Loaves Fev

**Sam Israel**

126 Locust street, Chicago avenue police have conversed whom he had met a diamond ring \$400.

One of the ring. The ring was a ten minutes less, returned. "I should be cried. I wish two cigars be and took it away."

**IT WAS**

South Chicago Stolen \$400 Convict

Indy And Ewing were today was returned today in June. Before also had collected. Friends had been getting a conviction. pickpocket. W. today.

**WILSON MAT**

Asked to







## COUNTRY SEES BUSINESS BOOM IN RATE RAISE

Commerce Commission Gift to Eastern Roads Affects the Whole Nation.

(Continued from first page.)

are, "largely because they are before us for review in other proceedings."

4-Rates held by unexpired orders of the commission.

May Help Chicago Shippers.

A promise of relief of the Chicago packers and grain shippers from the alleged extortionate rates which the eastern railroads recently filed is contained in this paragraph of the decision.

"In some instances, and in part because of the pendency of this proceeding, we have recently suspended proposed increased rates in this territory. Carriers may, if they so elect, now cancel such tariffs so suspended and file in lieu thereof of tariffs which conform to the limitations above specified. If that is done such suspensions will be vacated."

Rail Men See Better Times. The general sentiment among railroad men, both in Chicago and in the east, was that better times were in prospect as a result of the increased rate. Some of them were modified in their enthusiasm, but for the most part the spirit was one of optimism.

Bankers, manufacturers, financiers, railway supply men, merchants, hotel keepers, and steel men were clearly encouraged.

All predicted a general revival in all lines of business following the return of the nation's heaviest buyers and largest employers to the markets for steel, construction material, ties, passenger cars, freight equipment, sleeping cars, and the reemployment of thousands of workmen to carry out gigantic plans for the future.

Interviews were obtained by THE TRIBUNE from men representing various lines of business in Chicago and elsewhere, as follows:

### RAILROADS.

A. H. SMITH, president of New York Central lines—To the extent that the increase has been granted it will help the railroad situation. It should also promote general public confidence for the future. The commission has recognized not only the needs of the railroads but the effect upon the railroads of the present peculiar conditions. The increase granted will not solve the transportation problems of the day, but we are thankful for the help given and will endeavor to make the best possible use of it.

C. H. MARKHAM, president Illinois Central—The moral effect of the increase will be far-reaching. It indicates a better understanding between the public and the railroads and proves that the people realize the need of giving more revenue to the railroads. Railroads will feel they have had a square deal from the interstate commerce commission. The moral effect will be more important than the actual increase in revenue which will amount to in dollars and cents. Money will be easier and railroads will begin improvements long contemplated but held up during the long period of uncertainty.

Will Affect All Railroads. H. U. MUDGE, president of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific—Every business man in the country must feel cheered by the decision. While the western railroads are not directly interested in the case, the decision is bound to affect them. The granting of the increase will start the railroads to buying equipment, construction contracts will be taken up again, and the railroads will take on bigger forces. Business will be stimulated by the increase, and that means more traffic for the railroads and more traffic means the railroads must hire more men and buy more cars. That is prosperity.

HARRY KURRIE, president of the Monon—The railroads will be freer in their buying, as the decision will not only increase their revenue, but will sustain their credit. Investors can be satisfied the interstate commerce commission is willing to be convinced where there is real trouble. The commission gave the business interests of the country cause for a "merry Christmas."

Ruling Based on Fairness. W. A. GARDNER, president of the Chicago and Northwestern—Having full confidence in the honest intent of the commission, I am sure the ruling is based on fairness. Granting increases to the western roads depends upon whether we can present equal justification and necessity. I believe we can.

A. M. SCHUYER, vice president of the Pennsylvania—The increase shows some appreciation of railroad conditions and necessities. As reported to me, the increase is not granted on heavier commodities, which form a large part of the traffic on a number of the eastern roads. Insofar as this is the case it is disappointing, and the railroads will not secure the full measure of prosperity hoped for. The increase granted will, of course, help the railroads, and railroad prosperity and general prosperity are so united that what helps one cannot but help the other.

C. O. BURNHAM, vice president of the Burlington—Business will get a big boost. W. B. STOREY, vice president of the Santa Fe—The immediate effect will be to stimulate general business, in which case the railroads will start buying at once.

Elliott Sees Small Gain. HOWARD ELLIOTT, president New York, New Haven and Hartford railroads. Careful calculations indicate that the increase in the gross freight earnings of the New Haven road, because of the decision of the commerce commission, will be less than \$250,000 per year, and probably not much in excess of \$200,000 a year on the present volume of business. So far this fiscal year, the freight earnings of the company have decreased \$1,300,000.

### ORGANIZED BUSINESS.

RUSH C. BUTLER, attorney for the Chicago Association of Commerce—The Association of Commerce took no position either for or against the rail-rate increase.

## Decision Which Permits Advance in Freight Rates.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 18.—The decision handed down by the interstate commerce commission in the freight rate case was as follows:

"While we differ as to the relative importance to be attached to the various considerations presented, we agree in the conclusion that by virtue of the conditions obtaining at present it is necessary that the carriers' revenues be supplemented by increases throughout the official classification territory."

"Whatever the consequences of the war may prove to be, we must recognize the fact that it exists, the fact that it is a calamity without precedent, and the fact that by it the commerce of the world has been disarranged and thrown into confusion. The means of transportation are fundamental and indispensable agencies in our industrial life, and for the common weal should be kept abreast of public requirements."

"It is expected that the constructive work suggested in the original report for the purpose of conserving and augmenting the net revenues of the carriers generally will be carried forward without interruption."

"Carriers will be required to keep an account of the additions to their revenues from increases in rates subsequent to July 29, 1914, and from new charges, and to report separately thereon to the commission at the end of twelve and twenty-four months, respectively."

### Exceptions to Rate Increases.

The exceptions from the proposed increases of rates are stated in the decision as follows:

"1. Rail-lake-and-rail, lake-and-rail, and rail-lake rates. It is shown on the record that since the rail carriers acquired ownership and control of the lake lines successive increases have been made in the rates via lake shipping to less than the differences between them and the rail rates."

"2. Rates on bituminous coal and coke. Not long since these rates were investigated and maximum rates were prescribed by the commission. The key rates upon bituminous coal, the rate from the Pittsburgh district to Youngstown, and the rate on lake cargo coal to Ashland, have been fixed in the light of the various factors which enter into the transportation of such coal. The prevailing rates are remunerative, and the financial condition of the principal bituminous coal carriers is in marked contrast with that of many of the other carriers in official classification territory."

"3. Rates on anthracite coal and iron ore, largely because they are before us for review in other proceedings."

"4. Rates held by unexpired orders of the commission."

"Increase on Building Material. After stating the exceptions, the decision proceeds:

"In our original report we declined, for reasons there stated, to allow increased rates in Central freight association territory on cement, starch, brick, tile, clay, and plaster. On further consideration in the light of the existing situation these rates may be increased throughout official classification territory under the limitations herein set forth."

"Joint rates between official classification territory on the one hand and southeastern territory, the southwest and points on or east of the Missouri river, on the other, may be increased not to exceed 5 per cent of the division of the rate according to the carriers in official classification territory."

"Joint rates between official classification territory on the one hand and New England from and to points in trunk line or Central freight association territory, where necessary to preserve established relationships between points or ports in New England and points or ports in trunk line territory, may be increased not to exceed 5 per cent."

"Subject to the maintenance of the established Atlantic port differentials, rates to and from New York may be increased not to exceed 5 per cent, and rates to and from Portland, Boston, Philadelphia, and Baltimore may be increased to the extent necessary to maintain said differentials."

### Limit Imposed on Increases.

"Except as otherwise above specified, rates in official classification territory may be increased by not more than 5 per cent; but rates increased since July 29, 1914, may not now be again increased so as to exceed those then in effect by an aggregate of more than 5 per cent of the intraterrestrial rate, or of the portion or division of the intraterrestrial rate according to the road or roads in official classification territory, as the case may be."

"If fractions in excess of one-half a mill are rounded upward, fractions less than one-half a mill are to be discarded." The formal order issued by the commission follows:

"It is ordered that respondents herein be, and they are hereby, authorized to publish and file by not less than ten days' notice to the interstate commerce commission and to the general public in the manner prescribed in section 6 of the act to regulate commerce, schedules of rates which do not exceed the limits or transgress the limitations stated and prescribed in said report."

"It is further ordered that the permission hereby granted does not waive any of the requirements of the commission's published rules relative to the construction and filing of tariff publications, nor any of the provisions of the act to regulate commerce, as amended, except as to the notice to be given."

### Reasons Underlying Decision.

Summarizing the basis of its decision, the majority report of the commission said:

"The facts disclosed and occurrences originating subsequent to May 29, 1914, as presented at the further hearing may be summarized under three heads—first, the complete returns for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914, and returns for succeeding months; second, the war in Europe, and third, results of the original order."

"For the fiscal year just ended the net operating revenues as shown by the carriers are presented as follows: For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914, the net operating revenues of the carriers were \$1,300,000,000 less than in the last fiscal year. The surplus for 1914, after deducting \$100,000,000 paid in dividends, was \$47,000,000, whereas for the last fiscal year the dividends paid, amounting to \$118,000,000, drew on the accrued surplus to the extent of \$5,200,000."

### Present Revenues Unduly Low.

"From whatever comparative standpoint viewed the net operating revenues of the last fiscal year must be regarded as unduly low. Operating costs and operating revenues fall to show the tendency to such concomitant variation as should prevail in the transportation industry. The property investment accounts as now standing on the books of the carriers cannot be accepted as accurately representing the fair value of their property devoted to serving the public."

"It is ordered that respondents herein be, and they are hereby, authorized to publish and file by not less than ten days' notice to the interstate commerce commission and to the general public in the manner prescribed in section 6 of the act to regulate commerce, schedules of rates which do not exceed the limits or transgress the limitations stated and prescribed in said report."

"It is further ordered that the permission hereby granted does not waive any of the requirements of the commission's published rules relative to the construction and filing of tariff publications, nor any of the provisions of the act to regulate commerce, as amended, except as to the notice to be given."

### STOCKS AND BONDS.

ALFRED L. BAKER of Alfred L. Baker & Co., 141 South La Salle street—The increase will be a stimulus to conditions. Employment conditions in Chicago should be benefited."

Will Inspire Confidence. GEORGE M. REYNOLDS, president of Continental-Commercial National bank—I think the increase will have a very good effect. The most noticeable benefit will be from a sentimental standpoint rather than in dollars and cents. The tendency will be to inspire confidence and encourage us to take up railroad business. It shows the minds of the people are gradually straightening out on railroad questions and the desire to do the fair thing by the roads is becoming uppermost."

FRANK O. WETMORE, vice president First National bank—The increase should have an appreciable influence on the buying capacity of the roads. The roads will have more money to spend, and Chicago should get its proper share of the benefit. The sentimental effect should be good. The grant indicates the people feel an era of fair play is to be entered upon."

### MEAT PACKERS.

GEORGE ROBBINS, president Armour Car lines—We are satisfied with the increase of 5 per cent. What we have been objecting to has been the agitation to discriminate against the transportation of meat by advancing the rate 10 or 15 per cent. The general effect of the increase should be to stimulate business. There should not be an appreciable rise in the cost of meat to the consumer."

### IRON.

C. T. BOYNTON of Pickands, Brown & Co., 332 South Michigan avenue—The general effect will be favorable. Relative to the iron situation I am not prepared to answer before making a careful study of the text of the decision. Naturally the decision will be a disappointment to the coal roads which have a one way haul and a relatively low rate. In general, however, there will be a stimulus to conditions. Employment conditions in Chicago should be benefited."

### HOTELS.

JOSEPH BEIFELD, proprietor of Hotel Sherman and the Fort Dearborn hotel, and author of "How to Bring Back Prosperity"—The increase is a rift in the clouds, but it is wholly insufficient. The increase should be big enough to give the roads \$200,000,000 more. The effect, however, will be to stimulate travel, because when there is good business there is something to travel for. We could stand an increase of 15 per cent in the carrying charges on freights without having to raise the prices to the consumer. The best thing about the present advance is that it indicates the fair play trend of public sentiment."

### War Warrants Increase.

Dispatches from Washington announced that the majority of the commission endorsed the argument, advanced by the railroads and approved by President Wilson, that the emergency arising from the European war warrants the imposition of higher freight rates upon the shippers and consumers of the country."

### War Warrants Increase.

Dispatches from Washington announced that the majority of the commission endorsed the argument, advanced by the railroads and approved by President Wilson, that the emergency arising from the European war warrants the imposition of higher freight rates upon the shippers and consumers of the country."

### War Warrants Increase.

Dispatches from Washington announced that the majority of the commission endorsed the argument, advanced by the railroads and approved by President Wilson, that the emergency arising from the European war warrants the imposition of higher freight rates upon the shippers and consumers of the country."

be, and they are hereby, authorized to publish and file by not less than ten days' notice to the interstate commerce commission and to the general public in the manner prescribed in section 6 of the act to regulate commerce, schedules of rates which do not exceed the limits or transgress the limitations stated and prescribed in said report."

"It is further ordered that the permission hereby granted does not waive any of the requirements of the commission's published rules relative to the construction and filing of tariff publications, nor any of the provisions of the act to regulate commerce, as amended, except as to the notice to be given."

### Reasons Underlying Decision.

Summarizing the basis of its decision, the majority report of the commission said:

"The facts disclosed and occurrences originating subsequent to May 29, 1914, as presented at the further hearing may be summarized under three heads—first, the complete returns for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914, and returns for succeeding months; second, the war in Europe, and third, results of the original order."

"For the fiscal year just ended the net operating revenues as shown by the carriers are presented as follows: For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914, the net operating revenues of the carriers were \$1,300,000,000 less than in the last fiscal year. The surplus for 1914, after deducting \$100,000,000 paid in dividends, was \$47,000,000, whereas for the last fiscal year the dividends paid, amounting to \$118,000,000, drew on the accrued surplus to the extent of \$5,200,000."

### Present Revenues Unduly Low.

"From whatever comparative standpoint viewed the net operating revenues of the last fiscal year must be regarded as unduly low. Operating costs and operating revenues fall to show the tendency to such concomitant variation as should prevail in the transportation industry. The property investment accounts as now standing on the books of the carriers cannot be accepted as accurately representing the fair value of their property devoted to serving the public."

"It is ordered that respondents herein be, and they are hereby, authorized to publish and file by not less than ten days' notice to the interstate commerce commission and to the general public in the manner prescribed in section 6 of the act to regulate commerce, schedules of rates which do not exceed the limits or transgress the limitations stated and prescribed in said report."

"It is further ordered that the permission hereby granted does not waive any of the requirements of the commission's published rules relative to the construction and filing of tariff publications, nor any of the provisions of the act to regulate commerce, as amended, except as to the notice to be given."

### STOCKS AND BONDS.

ALFRED L. BAKER of Alfred L. Baker & Co., 141 South La Salle street—The increase will be a stimulus to conditions. Employment conditions in Chicago should be benefited."

Will Inspire Confidence. GEORGE M. REYNOLDS, president of Continental-Commercial National bank—I think the increase will have a very good effect. The most noticeable benefit will be from a sentimental standpoint rather than in dollars and cents. The tendency will be to inspire confidence and encourage us to take up railroad business. It shows the minds of the people are gradually straightening out on railroad questions and the desire to do the fair thing by the roads is becoming uppermost."

FRANK O. WETMORE, vice president First National bank—The increase should have an appreciable influence on the buying capacity of the roads. The roads will have more money to spend, and Chicago should get its proper share of the benefit. The sentimental effect should be good. The grant indicates the people feel an era of fair play is to be entered upon."

### MEAT PACKERS.

GEORGE ROBBINS, president Armour Car lines—We are satisfied with the increase of 5 per cent. What we have been objecting to has been the agitation to discriminate against the transportation of meat by advancing the rate 10 or 15 per cent. The general effect of the increase should be to stimulate business. There should not be an appreciable rise in the cost of meat to the consumer."

### IRON.

C. T. BOYNTON of Pickands, Brown & Co., 332 South Michigan avenue—The general effect will be favorable. Relative to the iron situation I am not prepared to answer before making a careful study of the text of the decision. Naturally the decision will be a disappointment to the coal roads which have a one way haul and a relatively low rate. In general, however, there will be a stimulus to conditions. Employment conditions in Chicago should be benefited."

### HOTELS.

JOSEPH BEIFELD, proprietor of Hotel Sherman and the Fort Dearborn hotel, and author of "How to Bring Back Prosperity"—The increase is a rift in the clouds, but it is wholly insufficient. The increase should be big enough to give the roads \$200,000,000 more. The effect, however, will be to stimulate travel, because when there is good business there is something to travel for. We could stand an increase of 15 per cent in the carrying charges on freights without having to raise the prices to the consumer. The best thing about the present advance is that it indicates the fair play trend of public sentiment."

### War Warrants Increase.

Dispatches from Washington announced that the majority of the commission endorsed the argument, advanced by the railroads and approved by President Wilson, that the emergency arising from the European war warrants the imposition of higher freight rates upon the shippers and consumers of the country."

### War Warrants Increase.

Dispatches from Washington announced that the majority of the commission endorsed the argument, advanced by the railroads and approved by President Wilson, that the emergency arising from the European war warrants the imposition of higher freight rates upon the shippers and consumers of the country."

### War Warrants Increase.

Dispatches from Washington announced that the majority of the commission endorsed the argument, advanced by the railroads and approved by President Wilson, that the emergency arising from the European war warrants the imposition of higher freight rates upon the shippers and consumers of the country."

larged expenditure for maintenance of equipment. It is clear that it has not been sufficient to restrict to proper limits the number of cars and locomotives needing repairs. We cannot view with favor any attempt to obtain an increase in net revenue through unduly restricted expenditures upon maintenance."

"The conflict in Europe will doubtless create an unusual demand upon the world's loan fund of free capital and may be expected to check the flow of foreign investment funds to American railroads. It appears that our railroads represent the bulk of European investment in this country."

### Cities Rise in Interest Rates.

"The rate of interest—the hire of capital—has risen during the last decade, and may rise still further. It is computed that in the years 1913, 1914, and 1915 the carriers in official classification territory must arrange for the payment or refunding of securities aggregating over \$500,000,000."

"True, the representations of the carriers in the 1910 cases that without the increases then sought their credit must totally vanish proved strangely as variance with their subsequent experience in the borrowing of many hundreds of millions. But we do not doubt that the financial problems of the carriers have been made much more acute by reason of the war, and if we are to set rates that will afford reasonable remuneration to these carriers we must give consideration to the increased hire of capital as well as to other increased costs."

### Harlan and Clements Dissent.

Chairman Harlan and Commissioner Clements gave dissenting opinions. Mr. Harlan's opinion, in part, follows:

"The original record contained no evidence tending to prove that any of the proposed increased rates affecting trunk lines or New England territories were just and reasonable, and this deficiency in proof was not supplied on the further hearing. The record showed the financial condition of the trunk line carriers generally to be much more favorable."

"By following the suggestions made in the original report the carriers undoubtedly could secure additional net income to come than the amount estimated to accrue under the proposed horizontal rate increase and far more than can accrue to effect the declines. The average transaction was in 100 and 200 shares, with losses between sales extending to one-half point or more."

### THE DAY IN CONGRESS.

SENATE. Met at noon. Rejected the nomination of W. N. Collins as postmaster at Kansas City, Mo. Adjourned at 4:30 p. m. to noon Saturday.

### HOUSE.

Met at noon. Jan. 24 was elected as the day for quelling for the late Representative Bremner of New Jersey. Passed legislative, executive, and judicial appropriation bill, carrying about \$66,000,000. Passed consideration of office appropriation bill, Indian appropriation bill, carrying \$6,338,000. Adjourned at 5:25 p. m. to noon Saturday.

### RED CROWN GASOLINE

Car and Money Go Farther

### The Sign of Power

RED CROWN GASOLINE gives maximum power and mileage. Your motor starts easily, picks up quicker and gets away faster when you use RED CROWN; it will do away with troubles brought about by "loading conditions."

The process of distilling RED CROWN GASOLINE eliminates heavy oils and foreign matter, minimizing carbon deposits. This uniform, dependable gasoline develops the greatest number of heat units per gallon. It makes car and money go farther.

Motorists frequently sacrifice efficiency to the belief that the higher the gravity the greater the power. This is a mistake.

Heat units decrease as the gravity goes up. High gravity means less economy and mileage.

You can get RED CROWN GASOLINE everywhere.

RED CROWN is made by the Standard Oil Company, the American motorists' great Service Organization, that guarantees satisfaction with every product.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY, Chicago

(AN INDIANA CORPORATION)

HIGHEST STANDARD PRODUCT OF COURSE IT'S—

SO

STANDARD OIL CO. (INDIANA)

POLARINE flows freely at zero, maintains the correct lubricating body at any motor speed or temperature, summer or winter.

ON THE both the

## FRENCH BUDGET SHOWS WAR COST

Financial System Paralyzed Temporarily, but Is Recovering.

### HUGE SUMS INVOLVED.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—Minister of Finance Ribot today before the appropriations committee of the chamber of deputies explained the 1915 budget.

The minister told the committee that he thought the most pressing need today was the reestablishing of credit, temporarily paralyzed by the first shock of the war. He said the intricate system of commercial and industrial credit, brought to perfection after centuries of labor, had been stunned for the moment, but was now recovering.

Mr. Ribot said the government had advanced to allied or friendly countries these sums: To Belgium, \$50,000,000; to Serbia, \$18,000,000; to Greece, \$4,000,000; to the Bank of Montenegro, \$100,000. The magnitude of the current accounts item indicated the degree of confidence inspired by the Bank of France and the abundance of funds awaiting employment, Mr. Ribot said.

### ALIMONY, IF LARGE ENOUGH, IS SUBJECT TO INCOME TAX.

Commissioner of Internal Revenue So Rules—Salaries of Judges and Mileage of Congressmen Taxed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 18.—Alimony is fixed income and the person who pays it must withhold any amount due under the income tax. This decision was announced today by Commissioner of Internal Revenue Osborn in a synopsis of rulings on the law which were in disagreement with previous rulings, superseding them.

Salaries of United States judges appointed since the law was enacted are subject to the tax, as are those of retired judges. The mileage of congressmen is subject to the tax, except that part actually expended in transportation. Fees received by preachers are regarded as part of taxable income. Christmas gifts are not taxable.

### COLDER WEATHER AGAIN DUE

Forecast Man Predicts Drop in Temperature and Light Snow Flurries.

Colder weather is again in sight, according to the weather man. He promises light snow today, followed by northwest winds. No more of the snow brand is expected, however. Tomorrow will be partly cloudy.

## The Tobey Furniture Company

### Christmas Suggestions



\$4.50

Mahogany Footstool, Covered in Tapestry and Velvets.



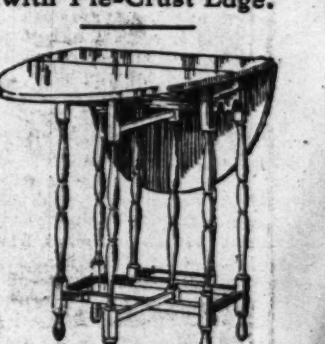
\$12

Martha Washington Mahogany Sewing Table.



\$10.50

Mahogany Tilt-Top Table, with Pie-Crust Edge.



\$10

Mahogany Gate Leg Table, Top 22x32 Inches.



\$9.50

Mahogany Finish Tea-Cart.

Wabash Avenue and Washington Street.

### RARE WOOD LAMPS

Electric floor lamps and table lamps of San Domingo mahogany, Calcutta vermilion and white mahogany, inlaid with other rare woods, unusual lamps, not shown elsewhere in Chicago.

Manufacturer's Price KIMBERLY MFG. CO. 222 Redwood Exchange Jackson & Michigan Ave.

### ANTONINI & CO.

ABSOLUTELY PURE OLIVE OIL

Acknowledged by Connoisseurs as the Finest for Salads

Mayonnaise and French Dressings

Packed in Bottles and Cans

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

ADVERTISE

IN



## Scenes from the Great Battle Fields in Russian Poland.



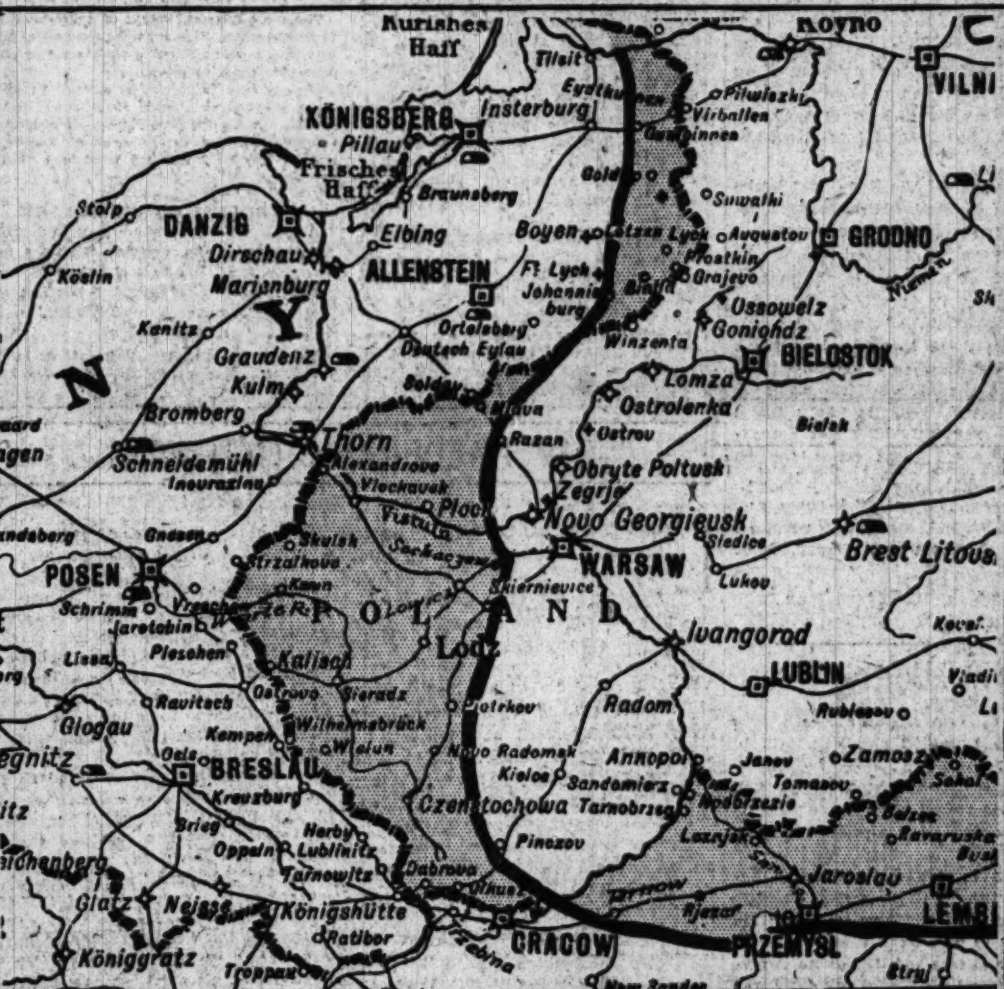
**RUSSIAN REINFORCEMENTS AT RIELA, POLAND**—Both armies are rushing fresh troops to the great battlefields west of Warsaw. This picture shows a patrol of Cossacks accompanying an infantry force from Warsaw. It was taken prior to the opening of the fierce battles that have been raging in the center of the great line stretching from the Baltic to the Carpathians.



**ROSA ZENOCH, 13-YEAR OLD GALICIAN HEROINE, WITH HER MOTHER IN VIENNA HOSPITAL**—This little girl lost one of her limbs on the battlefield at Rawaruska, Poland. She displayed remarkable heroism during the battle. She fearlessly went right into the firing line with water for the Austro-Hungarian troops in the trenches, and continued this service all day long. She was badly wounded, losing a leg. She has been personally decorated by Emperor Francis Joseph with a gold medal and a necklace of brilliants bearing his majesty's initials. She has also received the Order of the Red Cross.



**GENERAL MACKENSEN**—This German leader is one of General Hindenburg's chief commanders. He has made a marvelous record in the past few weeks. For a time almost surrounded by the Russians, he managed to cut his way out of the trap and turn what was announced at Petrograd as a great Russian victory into a triumph for the kaiser's army.



(Shaded portions show the invasions into East Prussia, Poland, and Galicia.)  
**THE CAMPAIGN IN THE EAST**—The Germans have the retreat of the Russians along the whole battle front to the Carpathians on the south of East Prussia on the north as the greatest victory of the war. Berlin and Vienna report that the Austro-German armies have driven the Russians back in Galicia to a line skirting Cracow, Przemyśl, and Lemberg. The relief of Przemyśl and the recapture of Lemberg are even hopefully predicted. In Russian Poland the German central column has advanced to within thirty miles of Warsaw along the Vistula river. In this region a great battle is in progress. On the other hand, Petrograd discredits the claims of a great German victory. The Russian general staff characterizes the fighting as not important, but indicates that a general retirement is taking place.



**RUSSIAN SOLDIER FROM SIBERIA**—This scene near Warsaw shows a large army transport belonging to the armies of Grand Duke Nicholas. The Germans have been inclined to hold the Russian soldier in contempt, but the type shown in the foreground, a member of the Siberian army, has proved to be an intrepid fighter. It is on the forces from the far east that Russia depended for ultimate victory.  
(Photograph copyright: 1914: By New York Tribune Co.)



**ON THE FIELD OF RAWARUSKA**—This Polish battlefield is marked by thousands of these rough hewn crosses. The losses of both the Russians and Austro-German forces were heavy, and the long filled-in trenches mark the graves of those who fell.  
(Photograph copyright: 1914: By New York Times company.)



**GERMAN SOLDIERS ON CAPTURED COSSACK MOUNTS**—There have been a number of reports that Germany is feeling the shortage of horses in the war. Their large captures of prisoners in the Poland and East Prussia campaigns have included thousands of Cossacks. Their horses have proved some of the most valuable spoils of war taken by the Kaiser's armies.  
(Photograph copyright: 1914: By Underwood & Underwood.)

ey Furniture  
Company

istmas  
estions

\$4.50

ny Footstools,  
in Tapestries  
Velvets.

\$12

Washington  
Sewing Table.

\$0.50

Tilt-Top Table,  
Crust Edge.

\$10

Gate Leg Table,  
32 inches.

\$9.50

Finish Tea-Cart.

Avenue and  
ington Street.

WOOD LAMPS

floor lamps  
ble lamps of  
mingo mahog-  
scutia vermil-  
d white mahog-  
aid with other  
oods, unusual  
not shown  
re in Chicago.

LY MFG. CO.  
Jackson & Michigan Ave.

INI & CO.

UTELY PURE

VE OIL

by Connoisseurs as the

Salads

nnaise and

nch Dressings

Bottles and Cans

ALL GROCERS

VERTISE

IN

TRIBUNE.



## The Chicago Tribune

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOUNDED JUNE 16, 1847.

PRINTED AT THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE, 435 N. DEARBORN ST., CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1879.

All unsolicited articles, manuscripts, letters, and pictures sent to "The Tribune" are sent at the owner's risk, and the Tribune company expressly repudiates any liability or responsibility for their safe custody or return.

### SWORN STATEMENT.

Net paid circulation of "The Chicago Tribune," as reported under oath to the United States government under section 4672, of the postal laws and regulations, being the average from April 1, 1914, to Sept. 30, 1914:

Daily.....325,210  
Sunday.....435,728

The above figures are exclusive of all papers which have been wasted, spoiled, returned, duplicated, delivered as complimentary, in exchange, as samples, where were misused or lost, or were late in arriving at their destination, or that remained unused. They also are exclusive of papers paid for but on which money was paid has been refunded.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1914.

To an active external commerce the protection of a naval force is indispensable. This is manifest with regard to wars in which a state is itself a party. But besides this, it is in our experience that the most sincere neutrality is not a sufficient guard against the depredations of nations at war. To secure respect to a neutral flag requires a naval force organized and ready to vindicate it from insult or aggression. This may even prevent the necessity of going to war by discouraging belligerent powers from committing such violations of the rights of the neutral party as may, first or last, leave no other option.—From the Eighth Annual Address of George Washington, May 28, 1796.

### QUIET FOR HOSPITALS.

It is proposed in the city council to restrict traffic in streets adjacent to hospitals. There are certain limitations to the possible restrictions. They appear where a hospital is located on a main thoroughfare used by street cars. But to such extent as an ordinance closing streets to traffic can be made practical and effective it will serve to make less the distress of patients.

Much unnecessary suffering is caused where there is much necessarily by the noise of traffic. This begins at the early hour, when patients may have worn out the bitterest part of the night and when they might, in favorable conditions, get relief and find strength in sleep.

Regulations could divert much of the traffic into other streets and relieve the hospitals of a condition which adds to the difficulties of nursing the sick into convalescence. The council has a humane idea. We hope it is made effective.

### THE TREASURERS' TWO PER CENT RAKEOFF.

Whatever lawyers say on the other side—and there is not a little to be said on that side from a technical standpoint—laymen interested in good and efficient government will welcome the decision in the Supreme court annulling at last the imprudent and objectionable section of the inheritance tax act that gave county treasurers, as compensation, 2 per cent of the amount collected under that act.

The question is not whether the county treasurers are entitled to additional compensation on account of the additional duty imposed on them by the law. Assuming that the legislature thought that morally and in a business sense they are entitled to such compensation, the 2 per cent rakeoff was the worst possible form of compensation. If very rich men died during a treasurer's term, he might become wealthy beyond the dreams of avarice; if he proved "unlucky" in his deaths, he would get little. What has this to do with service, responsibility, or any correct principle of compensation? The average layman has regarded the speculative 2 per cent as an instance of what Tammany calls "legitimate graft." We are gradually eliminating such graft and abolishing fees and fee scandals. Hence the decision is in line with progress. Let every public servant be paid—when paid at all—what the office is worth, and let there be no element of speculation and mystery about his pay. Mystery spells graft, waste, and trickery in the great majority of fee cases.

### NOMINATED.

The Blairsville Courier of Blairsville, Pa., "heretofore nominates the Hon. Boies Penrose as the Republican candidate for president in 1916." This momentous announcement is a bit more prominent than the recommendation, adjacent to it, of a kidney pill, and is much more important in bulk than such more interesting items as "E. S. Gilmore paid the county seat a visit Monday."

The Courier might not fill us with alarm if it were not for the thought that the Hon. Mr. Penrose may accept the nomination. Certainly it is just as good as the nomination made in Chicago in 1912.

### SLIPPERY SIDEWALKS AND THE LAW.

Ald. Captain and other members of the council have revived the question of compelling somebody to remove snow and ice from the sidewalks and thus save life and limb to citizens and money to the city treasury. It is a question that will not down, but unfortunately in this state legal barbed wire entanglements stand in the way of its solution.

Elsewhere ordinances require the property owners to keep the sidewalks safe and clean. Elsewhere the courts have upheld such ordinances. Our own Supreme court, however, has taken the flat footed and firm position that property owners can no more be compelled to clean sidewalks than to sweep and clean the street itself. Its argument, in brief, is that the sidewalk is part of the street, and that the property owner has no rights, privileges, or duties with respect to the former that he has with respect to the latter. Since he cannot appropriate sidewalk space or obstruct it in any way, he cannot be forced to clean the sidewalk. The court has adhered to this view and declined to reverse itself when given opportunity. The decisions of other states have been lightly ignored by it. It thinks its logic irresistible. Abstractly it is. But in practice we often hang logic in the name of necessity and practical reason.

The matter ought not to be left where it is.

The situation is disgraceful. To say that the city should clean the sidewalks is to give counsel of perfection. Many things are left to the city—not to be done. That perilous nuisance, dry sweeping, flourishes in spite of the thundering of the health department. The city is impotent, or it is something else. An earnest inquiry into the subject by able lawyers and broad minded aldermen and citizens may yield fruit in the shape of some suggestion—possibly some indirect method—that would pass judicial muster.

### NOW UP TO THE RAILROADS.

The largest single order for the resumption of business, not on a normal but a super-normal scale, was given by the interstate commerce commission when it granted the application of the eastern railroads for an increase in rates.

It is to be presumed that the western roads, which are to press their application, will be granted the increase. The decision ought to, and if the railroads make good will, reach further in industrialism and commerce than any other impulse in business.

The railroads have said that restricted earnings and lack of capital held them back. They wanted to buy, but did not have the money. If they were sincere this decision releases them. It makes purchasers of them. It sends them to the mills. It enables their work of construction and equipment to proceed. It means fire in dead furnaces, employment for idle men. It is tonic for the whole situation.

As Mrs. Tarnows repeatedly has said in urging that the rate increase be recognized as well, the war changed conditions but left the railroads unable to meet them. Of all the industries affected by change the transportation industry alone was unable to make adjustments, because government regulation had tied it up.

Regulation to justify itself has to be intelligent. cannot always be restrictive. It must at times be helpful. Intelligent shippers did not oppose the application for increase, knowing that their property could not be built securely on insecure industrial conditions and that secure industrial conditions cannot exist with the most important industry in the country crippled.

The alternative before the interstate commerce commission was to deny the application and leave the railroads motionless if not paralyzed. That alternative has not been adopted and it is to the country's benefit that it has not.

If the railroads can proceed with their work the effects of their activity will be felt in innumerable quarters by innumerable men. It ought to mean, and we believe it will, the establishment of a prosperity beyond the touch of psychological depression.

The elements of great national well being are in this productive and peaceful land. The tremendous volume of exports and the demands from abroad upon our factories must result soon in the fattening of our trade and industry.

Add to this the encouragement given the greatest industry, that of railroading, and it is difficult to see how anything but a super-normal condition of prosperity can result—if the railroads make good.

### CONTROL OF THE STATE SENATE.

If the certificates of election issued by the election authorities are accepted, the Republican and Democratic will be evenly divided in the state senate and the balance of power will be held by a Progressive. This condition will prevail while the senate is being organized. Upon the organization will depend a great deal of the legislation thereafter considered. It is the purpose of the state canvassing board, composed of Democratic state officials, to reject the certificates in the case of Republican senators elected from the Englewood and Oak Park districts and to recognize the Democratic candidates in those districts. Such an act would give the Democrats control of the senate and permit the organization to be made by Democrats.

Later, far in the session, the injustice of this might be recognized and the Republicans might be given their seats. They might be—but meanwhile the main purpose would have been served.

Gov. Dunne is advised by the attorney general that he is not a member of the canvassing board with power to interfere in its decisions. It is virtually established that the governor does not like this four de force employed to obtain a Democratic majority. The attorney general also holds—and a Supreme court decision sustains him—that the canvassing board has not the right to reject the certificates of election. The senate may investigate the election, if it cares to entertain a protest, but the certificate is indubitable evidence of the right of the elected man to take his seat.

The Democrats interested in reversing an election reply that they have a precedent in the case of a canvassing board under Denen rejecting a certificate of election. As we recall that case, a certificate had been issued in the most absurd defiance of the ballots in the election, but, even so, the court held that the certificate should have prevailed until a proper reviewing body, which was not the state canvassing board, had ascertained the facts.

A consequential reversal of certified elections is proposed by the state board in defiance of the opinion of the Democratic attorney general and in defiance of the decision of the Supreme court.

If the purpose be persisted in, the control of the senate organization will be obtained by a party to which it does not belong. The facts are worth noting.

### The Best Editorial of the Day

ROCK PILE VERSUS DEATH LIST.  
(From the Cedar Rapids Gazette.)

Out in Portland, Ore., no one has been injured, let alone killed, in an automobile accident in the last nine months.

And all because the city maintains a good sized pile of hard rocks at its municipal jail. To a man whose most strenuous exercise is the opening of mail, issuance of orders which exercise only his brain and his mouth, or the pushing of a fountain pen, a rock pile looks like a mountain. The majority of automobile owners, unless they happen to be golf players, seldom get more than this amount of exercise. Consequently, when they are furnished with picks and ordered to attack said pile of rocks their hearts are as lead.

In Portland the automobile driver who is caught while traveling at a speed in excess of the limit prescribed is hurried to the police court, tried, and, if found guilty, escorted to the rock pile, there to work out his sentence. No fines are levied. Every conviction means a sojourn with the pick and rock squad.

As a result there is little or no speeding in Portland, a city of 100,000 people. And, again, because there is no speeding, there are comparatively no automobile accidents. The record of the last nine months shows the efficiency of the ordinance. It is hard on the undertakers and doctors, but it's a pleasant protection for those residents of Portland who find it necessary to travel the streets on foot.

### A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

Calculated upon homines nostri  
et farrago libelli.—JOURNAL.

Rebuses of "Young Grimes." And while you're at it save a paw For Mr. Westley Elmer, Who dwells on Lincoln avenue, Right close to Gossy street.

Slipped up for the theater, he In stovepipe, chimney hat, A pitcher of propriety, Sheds oodles of ecstacy.

It's easy to identify Friend Bleat, as he in vain Is searching in the vaulted sky A soaring aeroplane.

When Mr. Bleat gets awful sick He asks his Doc to give To aid him in prepping quick Some good preventative.

The Doctor cuts his meenoo down To a mere minimum And sparragras, putarus brown Are all he feeds his tum. SWEET.

SPEAKING OF "Young Grimes." An intelligent compositor visited the proofroom in search of information. "How do you divide burglar?" he asked. "On the u," was the reply. The i. a. followed directions, and let himself in for a deal of argument.

### WHY DOESN'T HE WEAR ARREST?

(From the Evening Gazette.) Mr. Bassett is a veterinarian of the city and he is getting too old to make trips during the extreme cold weather.

THE inadequate navy advocates have neglected to advance the strongest argument against the necessity of increasing the fleet, to wit: there is a special Providence that looks after fools, infants, drunkards, communitarians, and Uncle Sam.

And they're Always Tearing Up the Road. Sir: I have a letter from a friend who recently went to Mexico to look after some oil wells in which he is interested. As nearly as I can gather from his somewhat incoherent sentences the country is a sort of mountainous hell paved with the good intentions of Woodrow Wilson. X. Y. Z.

TRUTH has nothing on the contending giants in Poland. Though crushed to earth, they rise again, and proceed with their hammers and tongs. This week-end the Germans are doing the crushing. A colleague, who keeps tabs on such matters, informs us that whenever Berlin reports a victory it usually turns out to be true. No defeat, however, are announced or admitted.

### A COMMON OPERATION.

(From a Galesburg Republican-Register.) George Wilted went to Galesburg early last week and on Wednesday morning Dr. Finney of Chicago and Dr. Bassett of London Will removed the growth from his ear that had been growing for several years.

FOR fiction purposes there is nothing more servicable than an English far: almost anything may happen in it. Actually, it has always been a nuisance, and in these violent days it must be more than ever dreaded by the dwellers along the coast.

THE owners and keepers of the lions that broke loose in New York are charged with felonious assault. Why not, queries D. M. felonious assault?

SELECTED NAMES. Sir: I fear the work of the Line in the matter of names has not been truly elevated. Why not give us improving standards? As a starter in this direction I wish to nominate the Rev. Forest J. Prettyman, D. D., chaplain of the United States senate, as having just the nicest little name in the world, all things considered. It has a touch of wisdom reduced to perfectly harmless domesticity by what follows—an ideal name for an Upper-House-broken D. D. H. Q.

THE new Morrison advises: "A room and a bath for a dollar and a half under the personal supervision of Harry C. Motz." O, Harry, hand us the soap!

THAT reminds us of the furniture man who claims that he "stands back of every bed he sells."

### Our Village.

...The engagement of two popular south side young people is to be heralded this eve. Cupid loves a shining Mark, newspaper, J. ...

...The model student of the law, Mr. W. E. Bacheller, the celebrated storywriter and lecturer, is billing dates round about here, and he and Mrs. Ivy have been visiting the Ed Mills in Evanston.

...The R. Newberry happened to a small fire the other night, fortunately no great damage being wrought, except that the firemen forgot to wipe their feet going in and out.

...The model student of the law, Mr. W. E. Bacheller, the celebrated storywriter and lecturer, is billing dates round about here, and he and Mrs. Ivy have been visiting the Ed Mills in Evanston.

...The R. Newberry happened to a small fire the other night, fortunately no great damage being wrought, except that the firemen forgot to wipe their feet going in and out.

...The model student of the law, Mr. W. E. Bacheller, the celebrated storywriter and lecturer, is billing dates round about here, and he and Mrs. Ivy have been visiting the Ed Mills in Evanston.

...The R. Newberry happened to a small fire the other night, fortunately no great damage being wrought, except that the firemen forgot to wipe their feet going in and out.

...The model student of the law, Mr. W. E. Bacheller, the celebrated storywriter and lecturer, is billing dates round about here, and he and Mrs. Ivy have been visiting the Ed Mills in Evanston.

...The R. Newberry happened to a small fire the other night, fortunately no great damage being wrought, except that the firemen forgot to wipe their feet going in and out.

...The model student of the law, Mr. W. E. Bacheller, the celebrated storywriter and lecturer, is billing dates round about here, and he and Mrs. Ivy have been visiting the Ed Mills in Evanston.

...The R. Newberry happened to a small fire the other night, fortunately no great damage being wrought, except that the firemen forgot to wipe their feet going in and out.

...The model student of the law, Mr. W. E. Bacheller, the celebrated storywriter and lecturer, is billing dates round about here, and he and Mrs. Ivy have been visiting the Ed Mills in Evanston.

...The R. Newberry happened to a small fire the other night, fortunately no great damage being wrought, except that the firemen forgot to wipe their feet going in and out.

...The model student of the law, Mr. W. E. Bacheller, the celebrated storywriter and lecturer, is billing dates round about here, and he and Mrs. Ivy have been visiting the Ed Mills in Evanston.

...The R. Newberry happened to a small fire the other night, fortunately no great damage being wrought, except that the firemen forgot to wipe their feet going in and out.

...The model student of the law, Mr. W. E. Bacheller, the celebrated storywriter and lecturer, is billing dates round about here, and he and Mrs. Ivy have been visiting the Ed Mills in Evanston.

...The R. Newberry happened to a small fire the other night, fortunately no great damage being wrought, except that the firemen forgot to wipe their feet going in and out.

...The model student of the law, Mr. W. E. Bacheller, the celebrated storywriter and lecturer, is billing dates round about here, and he and Mrs. Ivy have been visiting the Ed Mills in Evanston.

...The R. Newberry happened to a small fire the other night, fortunately no great damage being wrought, except that the firemen forgot to wipe their feet going in and out.

...The model student of the law, Mr. W. E. Bacheller, the celebrated storywriter and lecturer, is billing dates round about here, and he and Mrs. Ivy have been visiting the Ed Mills in Evanston.

...The R. Newberry happened to a small fire the other night, fortunately no great damage being wrought, except that the firemen forgot to wipe their feet going in and out.

## How to Keep Well

By Dr. W. A. Evans.

Questions pertinent to hygiene, sanitation, and prevention of disease, if matters of general interest, will be answered in this column. Where space will not permit or the subject is not suitable, letters will be personally answered, subject to proper limitations and where a stamped, addressed envelope is enclosed. Dr. Evans will not make diagnoses or prescribe for individual diseases. Requests for such service cannot be answered.

(Copyright, 1914, By Dr. W. A. Evans.)

### HOW CAN I STAND THE STRAIN?

PROBABLY a good many people, particularly those who work in stores, are wondering if they can stand the strain of the winter season. While that is not a profitable speculation, something can be gained by planning with a view of getting through with the least tire possible.

The most frequent complaint, I am sure, of the feet. Above everything else, the salagiti should wear easy shoes between now and Christmas. The fact that a pair of shoes is easy should outweigh every other consideration.

Wear low heels, not higher than high ones, no rapid change should be made in the height of the heel. When the heel is worn high the weight is pitched forward on the ball of the foot and the ankle is bent downward. This is an unnatural position, but in time the length of the muscles and tendons leading from the calf to the foot become adjusted to it.

To suddenly lessen the length of the heel time the muscles unduly and brings about cramps in the legs.

Something is gained by seeing to it that the feet of the stockings fit well. To change the stockings often is worth while, even if it means washing out stockings at night. A hole in a stocking increases one's fatigue materially.

The feet should be washed in warm water each night. To use some alcohol, dilute ammonia, witch hazel, or dilute perfume vinegar on the feet is very agreeable to most people and helps somewhat. While the cost of the advertised foot saunas is considerably higher than that of the chemicals named above, they are no more efficient or agreeable. Massaging the feet will help.

To get restless sleep a well ventilated room is a necessity. The best ventilation is that in which a current of fresh air plays over the face. At the same time, unless the bed is warm enough, sleep is not restful. A feeling of cold, just short of enough to wake, keeps the mind on edge and robs sleep of its benefits.

To make Sunday day for my best friend, I am not taking the mattress to bed. A layer of paper between the mattress and the slats makes the bed warmer. A layer of paper between the blankets and the mattress makes the bed warmer.

A warm bath at night is very restful, especially for the wakefulness of over-fatigue. It is worth the time and trouble. To make Sunday day for my best friend, I am not taking the mattress to bed.

PROBLEM OF MARRIAGE. A. W. writes: "Should a girl whose parents are first cousins marry a man whose parents are first cousins? There is no relationship between the two families. Both parties are in good health."

REPLY. The details of the method vary with different patients, different operations, and different operators. The method used by Dr. Crile in gall-bladder operations is as follows:

LA MARQUE DE FONTENOT.

(Copyright, 1914, By the Brewster Co.)

ORD RICHARD NEVILL has just been appointed equerry to the Duke of Connaught, governor general of Canada, in the place of Maj. Rivers Bulkeley, whose name figures among the officers killed in action in France.

Lord Richard Nevill has had a considerable amount of colonial experience. After being educated at Eton and at Magdalen college, Cambridge, he has been private secretary and aide camp, first of all to the governors of Victoria and South Australia and afterward to successive governors general of the Australian commonwealth, besides acting as chief of staff to the governor of the island of Ceylon.

It is probable that he will henceforth undertake the management of the Duke of Connaught's household at Ottawa.

Lord Richard is unmarried, far from rich, and the fifth son of the old Marquis of Abernethy, whose name is pronounced as if written "Abergheny."

Lord Abernethy was for many years president of the Conservative union and machine in England, and he is in his carriage that the late Lord Beaconsfield and Lord Salisbury made their triumphal entry into London when they returned home from the congress of Berlin in 1878 proclaiming "peace with honor."

Although Lord Richard Nevill bears the same name and the same patronymic as the great Earl of Warwick, the king maker, he is descended not from that most famous of all Nevills but from Sir Edward Nevill, an English knight and king maker and, through his mother, a grandson of John of Gaunt, therefore a great-grandson of King Edward III.

Consequently Lord Richard Nevill, the Duke of Connaught's equerry, is the blood of the Plantagenet monarchs of England in his veins.

Sir Edward Nevill was created Lord Bergavenny in 1400, having inherited the coat and badge of Bergavenny through his wife, Beauchamp, Lord of Bergavenny.

From that time forth the barony of Bergavenny has descended to his family in the male line of the Nevills, the seventeenth baron being promoted to an earldom in the beginning of the eighteenth century, while the present and fifth earl, Lord Richard Nevill, has been raised to a marquessate.

It was the sixth baron who in the reign of King James I. changed the name of his title from Bergavenny to Abernethy.

Lord Richard Nevill was born at Edge castle, his father's ancestral home, in Shropshire, and he has been in the uninterrupted possession of the family for more than five centuries.

It is one of the most lovely places in the southern counties, and in its wide, picturesque beauty the park is today exactly the same as described in Woodcock's book, in the reign of William the Conqueror, nearly a thousand years ago.

Some idea of its extent may be gathered from the fact that the driveway and rides cut through the park exceed seventy miles in length.

Queen Elizabeth is on record as having spent a week there, and until a few years ago there stood at the entrance of the castle a curious piece of old iron ordinance which, according to tradition, was made on the estate, and was the first gun ever fired.

Lord Roberts' death at the front in France seems to have been largely brought about through an act of fashion. The Indian troops, when he had crossed the channel from England to visit.

On learning that they were on parade for his inspection, they were ordered to dress, without their greatcoats, by his aide, before reviewing them, upon doing his own overcoat and showing himself to them in his khaki uniform.

He spent the greater part of the day in reviewing them and in inspecting their lines and their camps thus garbed, although the weather was equally and damp.

They were already hardened to exposure of this kind by their many weeks of arduous campaigning in the field, but he, considerably over 80 years of age and just out from England, was highly susceptible to cold, and it was, therefore, not surprising that he should have been stricken by the congestion of the lungs which so quickly carried him off.

## "IT'S A LONG WAY."

(From the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.)



## The Friend of the People.

Letters for this department must be signed with names and addresses of the writers.

### PERSISTING TO NATURALIZED CITIZENSHIP.

Chicago, Dec. 11.—[To the Friend of the People.]—A man born in a foreign country takes out his naturalization papers in this country and then goes abroad for a period of six years and then returns to the United States. Does he retain his citizenship in this country? V. C.

The second paragraph of section 2 of the act of March 2, 1907, entitled "An act in reference to the expatriation of citizens and their protection abroad," provides as follows: "When any naturalized citizen shall have resided for two years in the foreign state from which he came, or for five years in any other foreign state, he shall be presumed to have ceased to be an American citizen, and the place of his residence during said years: Provided, however, that such presumption may be overcome on the presentation of satisfactory evidence to a diplomatic or consular officer of the United States, under such rules and regulations as the department of state may prescribe: And provided, also, that no American citizen shall be allowed to expatriate himself when this country is at war."

REPLY. The most frequent cause of granulated lid is irritation of the eye by dust or by smoke. The granulated lid is a disease of the eyelids, and it is caused by the use of eye makeup.

HYDRANTS NOW IN PLACE. Chicago, Dec. 10.—[To the Friend of the People.]—Kindly inquire and let me know where the fire hydrants have not been put in the South Kildare avenue. The water pipes have been in the street for about three weeks, but no fire hydrants have been installed and, consequently, we have no water for our homes.

REPLY. The most frequent cause of granulated lid is irritation of the eye by dust or by smoke. The granulated lid is a disease of the eyelids, and it is caused by the use of eye makeup.

LIGHT FOR CROSSING. Chicago, Dec. 15.—[To the Friend of the People.]—Would it be possible for you to call to the attention of the south park commissioners the importance of placing at the intersection of Market street and Jackson boulevard a red light? I cross this corner one-half dozen times each day and it is the most dangerous corner in the city.

REPLY. The most frequent cause of granulated lid is irritation of the eye by dust or by smoke. The granulated lid is a disease of the eyelids, and it is caused by the use of eye makeup.

TRACKS WILL BE ELEVATED. Chicago, Dec. 12.—[To the Friend of the People.]—Kindly inform me if the Chicago and Northwestern railway across Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway crossing at Montrose avenue in Mayfield will be elevated soon?

REPLY. The most frequent cause of granulated lid is irritation of the eye by dust or by smoke. The granulated lid is a disease of the eyelids, and it is caused by the use of eye makeup.

REPLY. The most frequent cause of granulated lid is irritation of the eye by dust or by smoke. The granulated lid is a disease of the eyelids, and it is caused by the use of eye makeup.

REPLY. The most frequent cause of granulated lid is irritation of the eye by dust or by smoke. The granulated lid is a disease of the eyelids, and it is caused by the use of eye makeup.

REPLY. The most frequent cause of granulated lid is irritation of the eye by dust or by smoke. The granulated lid is a disease of the eyelids, and it is caused by the use of eye makeup.

REPLY. The most frequent cause of granulated lid is irritation of the eye by dust or by smoke. The granulated lid is a disease of the eyelids, and it is caused by the use of eye makeup.

REPLY. The most frequent cause of granulated lid is irritation of the eye by dust or by smoke. The granulated lid is a disease of the eyelids, and it is caused by the use of eye makeup.

REPLY. The most frequent cause of granulated lid is irritation of the eye by dust or by smoke. The granulated lid is a disease of the eyelids, and it is caused by the use of eye makeup.

REPLY. The most frequent cause of granulated lid is irritation of the eye by dust or by smoke. The granulated lid is a disease of the eyelids, and it is caused by the use of eye makeup.

REPLY. The most



**Houghton Mifflin Company's**  
**NEW BOOKS**  
**For Children of All Ages**

**More Sumptuous Works.**  
The work of Fata Morgana is so well accomplished in many of the tales

"POPPYLAND," by H. De Vere Stacpoole, that there is a feeling of having entered again into the mystic realm of the Arabian Nights and of listening to the spellbinding words of a modern Scheherazade. Beautifully written and completely removed from earth to the Land of Illusion are the majority of these fairy stories, which have a depth of meaning

Its scene is Naples, where an old rag picker finds near the little temple of Taseo a baby girl whom he brings up to be a strolling musician and pockets her

earnings. Many wearisome hours for the child are lightened by acquaintance with a friendly little prince who hangs over a garden wall to watch Bellissima's fingerings of the strings of her valuable mando-

Belshazzar in time is claimed by her wealthy family and betrothed to the rich and wicked old uncle of the prince, whom she has blinded and deprived of his property. On the eve of marriage the prince

returns, his sight—and his estates—are restored, and happiness reigns. Undeniable charm of description and illustration in *Poppypoland* reward the searcher for a novel gift book. (John Lane company.)

England's Valhalla.  
Rather funereal in them at first glance  
seems Helen Marshall Pratt's two volume  
history of "WESTMINSTER ABBEY,"  
in which she discusses its "architecture."

history, and monuments," but exceedingly interesting, nevertheless, in spite of the suggestion of cypress. She really chose her theme wisely for the making of a comprehensive book, for from this greatest place of the distinguished dead

date practically all the threads used in the weaving of England's history. Starting from this tomb and that one, the author recounts enough of the history of the occupant to make his or her place clear in relation to the world with enough


...efficiently interesting to warrant further historical acquaintance. She discusses, too, the adornments on the tomb, with the why and the how of them. Her book not only is interesting reading but

is the best kind of preparation imaginable for any one desiring to make an understanding visit to this impressive building "whose history is almost the epitome of the nation's history." (Duffield).

**Strange Woman Identified.**  
A young woman who rang the bell at the home of Attorney Daniel Gerst, 3229 Franklin boulevard, on Thursday night and fainted when she was taken within, was identified yesterday at the county hospital as Mrs. Anna Primek, 2509 Twenty-sixth street. She revived in

**MARSHALL FIELD**  
**1222 COMMERCE**

**BOOKS & COMPANY**  
*The Store of the Christmas Spirit*  
**BOOKS & COMPANY**



**BOOKS for Everyone**

Few things are so

gratifying to the ones  
who give or receive.  
Our stock is conven-  
iently arranged in the

following classes:

*New Fiction*  
*Poetry and*

**Drama**  
**Biography and**  
**Reminiscence**

### Travel and Description

making it a simple matter to select the book to

**Book Section, Third Floor.**

**Significant War Books**  
**GERMANY AND ENGLAND**  
 By J. A. CRAMB. Endorsed  
 by the Hon. Joseph H. Choate;  
 the late Lord Roberts, etc.

**BUILDER and BLUNDERER**  
By GEORGE SAUNDERS,  
"Times" correspondent at Berlin. The war as the outcome of  
Emperor William's character and  
European politics. net \$1.00

**THE WAR WEEK BY WEEK**  
By EDWARD S. MARTIN.  
Typically American. net \$1.00

**THE GERMAN ENIGMA**  
By GEORGES BOURDON,

sub-editor of "Figaro." *net \$1.00*  
**WOLLEN-HEADED**  
**VILLIAM** By E. V. LUCAS.  
 An extraordinarily clever parody  
 on "Struwwelpeter." pictures  
*and all net \$0.50*

**THE NATIONS AT WAR**  
By L. CECIL JANE. On the  
new era to be born with the re-  
turn of peace. **net \$1.00**

---

**F. P. BUTTON & CO.**

61 5th Ave. New York

**Boston** **HOUGHTON MIFFLIN CO.** **New York**

Most novels are designed to fill the demand for a diverting story—just made to read, in fact—consequently people of taste oftentimes feel that as holiday gifts something is lacking. *The House of the Dawn* is just the book for these people of discrimination. As a romance it is first class, a sweet old time love story, glowing with the colors of the Painted Desert, and the lore of old half-forgotten things. As a book it is a thing of beauty, pleasing and delightful to the eye—the most artistic novel offered anywhere.

**Now Ready**

**The Evidence in the Case**

BY  
**JAMES M. BECK**  
Late Assistant Attorney General

\$600 pages, 12mo, cloth, net \$1.00. By mail \$1.10

A book which gives the clearest account of the events which led up to the war. It is based on a thorough investigation of the official reports—British, German, Russian and Belgian. This volume, which presents the revised text of Mr. Beck's original article, "In the Supreme Court of Civilization," contains a number of additional chapters, and includes a discussion of the personal responsibility of the Kaiser.

**"The most searching, powerful and important contribution to the literature of the war."**

---

NEW YORK      G. P. Putnam's Sons      LONDON

At All Booksellers

---

---

## Royal Auction Bridge

# Royal Auction Bridge

—With NULLOS—

The ONE authoritative, comprehensive and scientific treatise of the game.

From the heart of the Auction Bridge

By the International Authority

MR. EDMUND ROBERTSON, Calcutta, India.

**T**HE author of the famous Robertson Rule and Bridge Development, in this his last work, has by the invention of a Trump Formula, a No Trump Formula and a Nulla Formula, simplified and amplified the entire field of declaration. The invention of the Minus-Four Rule greatly simplifies the most difficult part of the game —

marine play against a Nallo contract.

**A Complete Guide of the Conventions  
of the Game for the Beginner and  
a book for the Advanced Player  
can afford to be without**

ON SALE AT

**A. C. McCLURG & CO.  
MARSHALL FIELD & CO.**

Printed in two colors, full gilt, . . . \$1.50 Art Gift Edition, bronze Tiffany  
extra cloth . . . . . finish morocco, full gold . . . \$3.50

**LAIRD & LEE, INC., PUBLISHERS, CHICAGO**

**ELECTRICITY**

Tenacity Interest and rags with  
discovery. — *John G. Thompson*

**UPTON SINCLAIR'S**  
Stirring New Novel  
**SYLVA'S**  
**MARRIAGE**  
Arrows of criticism and have criticism by  
its quality and greatness.  
\$1.50 net, at Bookstores.

**ELECTRICITY**  
**GRAVITATION**  
AND  
THE NEW ELEMENT REX  
EXPLAINED IN  
**THE NEW PHILOSOPHY**  
GREATEST BOOK OF TODAY  
Shower, Force, Harvest Force, Light, Heat,  
Magnetism, Electricity, Chemistry, Gravitation,  
Capillary, Chemical Activity, and new mathe-  
matical and scientific principles, and the  
science of the future. — *John G. Thompson*  
\$1.50 net, at Bookstores.

**POINCE CARPENTIER**

The JOHN C. WINSTON CO., Phila.  
SCIENCE PUBLISHING CO.,  
408 & DEARBORN ST., CHICAGO



# WHITE SOX MANAGE BELLS PLANS FOR 1915 SEASON.

**Aggressive Spirit is Necessary to Put Sox in Race, He Says.**

## BATTLE WIN OR LOSE.

### Greeting to Sox Fans.

Dubuque, Ia., Dec. 18.—(Special.)—I wish "The Tribune" would tell the fans of Chicago that I am anxious to work my hardest to give them a winner. Everybody knows the Sox patrons are the best fans in the world, and we will go to the bat for them the best ball team in the world. I am making no predictions, but we will do our best every minute of every game, whether we are first or last in the pennant race. In Eddie Collins we have the greatest second baseman in the game. There are no catchers better than Schalk. Weaver is without a peer as a shortstop. That is a mighty big start. I really believe we will open the next season with a great ball team.

CLARENCE H. ROWLAND.

BY SAM WELLS.

Dubuque, Ia., Dec. 18.—(Special.)—President Conkley has landed a second McGraw to lead his White Sox. If it were known that Clarence Rowland all his life knew whereof they speak.

In all his minor league experience the new Sox leader has been noted for the "pop," "ginger," and "fight" he has instilled into the players under his command. His never-say-die spirit long ago won him the title of the "Mugsey McGraw of Three Eyes." Rowland believes he can succeed in the big circuit with the same methods that won him fame in less distinguished company.

Rowland's leap into the limelight came so suddenly he still seems to be loath to discuss the responsibilities that will rest on him. About the prospects of the White Sox for next season he would talk only in a most general manner today.

**Already Knows Conditions.** Rowland insists that until he has ample time to go over the situation with Conkley he should not be asked to go into detail regarding his plans. From his conversation, however, it is evident he is familiar with the Sox situation and that he already has formed his first plans for battle.

"It is a lot too early to start talking of next season," said the new manager.

"There will be some new faces on the Sox team, of course. But where the changes will be I cannot say now. I have been watching the Sox for years, and I think I have a pretty fair idea of the material we will have and the kind of team we will build. I am sure that I can make a team that will be a credit to the Sox and a credit to the city of Chicago."

**Silent on Predictions.**

"I never offer prophecies regarding what the future may hold for a ball club of mine other than that we will win the pennant," he said. "I know the Sox are a good team, but I don't know how good they are. I don't believe I ever have kept a player on my payroll who was not a fighter. Fight, to my mind, is half of baseball."

**Says Sox Are Fighters.**

"I know they are a good team," he said. "I know they are a good team, but I don't know how good they are. I don't believe I ever have kept a player on my payroll who was not a fighter. Fight, to my mind, is half of baseball."

**Says Sox Are Fighters.**

"I know they are a good team," he said. "I know they are a good team, but I don't know how good they are. I don't believe I ever have kept a player on my payroll who was not a fighter. Fight, to my mind, is half of baseball."

**Says Sox Are Fighters.**

"I know they are a good team," he said. "I know they are a good team, but I don't know how good they are. I don't believe I ever have kept a player on my payroll who was not a fighter. Fight, to my mind, is half of baseball."

**Says Sox Are Fighters.**

"I know they are a good team," he said. "I know they are a good team, but I don't know how good they are. I don't believe I ever have kept a player on my payroll who was not a fighter. Fight, to my mind, is half of baseball."

## SOME ROWLANDISMS

Dubuque, Ia., Dec. 18.—(Special.)—When a player is capable of doing his own thinking, let him do it. With the others, orders are orders; they must be followed.

A player who keeps himself in condition to do his best does not need a guardian.

To be great, a ball team must be fast. Speed is about 33 1/3 per cent of the formula for diamond success.

A team that gets away with its stolen base in three tries will win a lot more games than it loses. Those teams are always in the fight.

It's the ball club that makes the manager. No matter how great a leader a man be, he must have the material and he must have his men working with him every minute.

Win one game at a time and the old pennant will be close enough for you to hear its rattling under the curtain drops.

Keep the other fellows guessing. Witness the Macks, Giants, Fielders Jones' old White Sox, and Frank Chance's famous Cub machines.

A manager who plays fair with his players is the only sort of manager that will succeed. A fifty-fifty break is all any of the boys ever ask.

The old hit and run game still gets 'em. Last year at Peoria we needed only an average of 1.7 hits for each run we scored. In 1913, at Dubuque, we got around for an average of 1.3 blows. That means speed and a style of play that keeps the other fellow wondering what will come next.

WAGNER, MANAGER OF "PASTORS."

BY I. E. SANBORN.

Lee Magee will manage the Brooklyn Federal league team next season. President R. B. Ward of the Gowanus Bay club came to an agreement to that effect with the former St. Louis National league outfielder at a conference held at local Federal league headquarters yesterday.

When Magee jumped to the "outlaws" it was understood he was to be made manager, and he is said to have had a verbal promise in addition to his contract as a player. Recently reports have indicated that the Ward contemplated promoting Artie Hoffman to the management, and another possibility appeared day before yesterday in "Kid" Gleason, White Sox coach, who was wanted by the Federals to manage Baltimore a year ago.

**Magee Satisfied Player.**

Magee came to Chicago to see about it, and apparently was perfectly satisfied. What effect on the decision by the Brooklyn owners may have resulted from reports that Magee would remain in organized baseball unless manager cannot be obtained. Roger Bresnahan was in conference with Magee in Cincinnati just before the player came here, and it was announced he was trying to arrange a three cornered deal which would bring Heinie Groh to the Cubs, Magee being the third man in the deal.

Several Federal league promoters were in the city for the meeting of the executive committee. Its members are President Gleason, R. B. Ward, and W. R. Hoffman of Buffalo. They met and presumably discussed ways and means to finance another year on organized baseball. Naturally they preserved considerable secrecy regarding their plans.

**Gates Also at Meeting.**

Other players present and in attendance of the proceedings were R. E. Gates of Indianapolis, attorney for the league; W. E. Dwyer of St. Paul, and Richard Carey of Buffalo. So far as could be ascertained the Kansas City, St. Louis, and Baltimore clubs were not represented.

Manager Tinker of the Chicago returned empty handed from his quest for players, but he was not discouraged.

Several Federal league promoters were in the city for the meeting of the executive committee. Its members are President Gleason, R. B. Ward, and W. R. Hoffman of Buffalo. They met and presumably discussed ways and means to finance another year on organized baseball. Naturally they preserved considerable secrecy regarding their plans.

**Gates Also at Meeting.**

Other players present and in attendance of the proceedings were R. E. Gates of Indianapolis, attorney for the league; W. E. Dwyer of St. Paul, and Richard Carey of Buffalo. So far as could be ascertained the Kansas City, St. Louis, and Baltimore clubs were not represented.

Manager Tinker of the Chicago returned empty handed from his quest for players, but he was not discouraged.

**Gates Also at Meeting.**

Other players present and in attendance of the proceedings were R. E. Gates of Indianapolis, attorney for the league; W. E. Dwyer of St. Paul, and Richard Carey of Buffalo. So far as could be ascertained the Kansas City, St. Louis, and Baltimore clubs were not represented.

**Gates Also at Meeting.**

Other players present and in attendance of the proceedings were R. E. Gates of Indianapolis, attorney for the league; W. E. Dwyer of St. Paul, and Richard Carey of Buffalo. So far as could be ascertained the Kansas City, St. Louis, and Baltimore clubs were not represented.

**Gates Also at Meeting.**

Other players present and in attendance of the proceedings were R. E. Gates of Indianapolis, attorney for the league; W. E. Dwyer of St. Paul, and Richard Carey of Buffalo. So far as could be ascertained the Kansas City, St. Louis, and Baltimore clubs were not represented.

**Gates Also at Meeting.**

Other players present and in attendance of the proceedings were R. E. Gates of Indianapolis, attorney for the league; W. E. Dwyer of St. Paul, and Richard Carey of Buffalo. So far as could be ascertained the Kansas City, St. Louis, and Baltimore clubs were not represented.



## MAGEE TO LEAD BROOKLYN FEDS

**Former Cardinal Comes to an Agreement with Ward to Manage Team.**

BY I. E. SANBORN.

Lee Magee will manage the Brooklyn Federal league team next season. President R. B. Ward of the Gowanus Bay club came to an agreement to that effect with the former St. Louis National league outfielder at a conference held at local Federal league headquarters yesterday.

When Magee jumped to the "outlaws" it was understood he was to be made manager, and he is said to have had a verbal promise in addition to his contract as a player. Recently reports have indicated that the Ward contemplated promoting Artie Hoffman to the management, and another possibility appeared day before yesterday in "Kid" Gleason, White Sox coach, who was wanted by the Federals to manage Baltimore a year ago.

**Magee Satisfied Player.**

Magee came to Chicago to see about it, and apparently was perfectly satisfied. What effect on the decision by the Brooklyn owners may have resulted from reports that Magee would remain in organized baseball unless manager cannot be obtained. Roger Bresnahan was in conference with Magee in Cincinnati just before the player came here, and it was announced he was trying to arrange a three cornered deal which would bring Heinie Groh to the Cubs, Magee being the third man in the deal.

Several Federal league promoters were in the city for the meeting of the executive committee. Its members are President Gleason, R. B. Ward, and W. R. Hoffman of Buffalo. They met and presumably discussed ways and means to finance another year on organized baseball. Naturally they preserved considerable secrecy regarding their plans.

**Gates Also at Meeting.**

Other players present and in attendance of the proceedings were R. E. Gates of Indianapolis, attorney for the league; W. E. Dwyer of St. Paul, and Richard Carey of Buffalo. So far as could be ascertained the Kansas City, St. Louis, and Baltimore clubs were not represented.

**Gates Also at Meeting.**

Other players present and in attendance of the proceedings were R. E. Gates of Indianapolis, attorney for the league; W. E. Dwyer of St. Paul, and Richard Carey of Buffalo. So far as could be ascertained the Kansas City, St. Louis, and Baltimore clubs were not represented.

**Gates Also at Meeting.**

Other players present and in attendance of the proceedings were R. E. Gates of Indianapolis, attorney for the league; W. E. Dwyer of St. Paul, and Richard Carey of Buffalo. So far as could be ascertained the Kansas City, St. Louis, and Baltimore clubs were not represented.

**Gates Also at Meeting.**

Other players present and in attendance of the proceedings were R. E. Gates of Indianapolis, attorney for the league; W. E. Dwyer of St. Paul, and Richard Carey of Buffalo. So far as could be ascertained the Kansas City, St. Louis, and Baltimore clubs were not represented.

**Gates Also at Meeting.**

Other players present and in attendance of the proceedings were R. E. Gates of Indianapolis, attorney for the league; W. E. Dwyer of St. Paul, and Richard Carey of Buffalo. So far as could be ascertained the Kansas City, St. Louis, and Baltimore clubs were not represented.

**Gates Also at Meeting.**

Other players present and in attendance of the proceedings were R. E. Gates of Indianapolis, attorney for the league; W. E. Dwyer of St. Paul, and Richard Carey of Buffalo. So far as could be ascertained the Kansas City, St. Louis, and Baltimore clubs were not represented.

**Gates Also at Meeting.**

Other players present and in attendance of the proceedings were R. E. Gates of Indianapolis, attorney for the league; W. E. Dwyer of St. Paul, and Richard Carey of Buffalo. So far as could be ascertained the Kansas City, St. Louis, and Baltimore clubs were not represented.

**Gates Also at Meeting.**

Other players present and in attendance of the proceedings were R. E. Gates of Indianapolis, attorney for the league; W. E. Dwyer of St. Paul, and Richard Carey of Buffalo. So far as could be ascertained the Kansas City, St. Louis, and Baltimore clubs were not represented.

## In the Wake of the News By RING W. LARDNER

Today's Derby Entries.

Horse	Weight	Owner	Jockey	Post
Fox Trot	120	C. H. Smith	Boland	7-8
Woodrow	120	E. P. Schuler	Boland	1-2
Gen. Joffre	120	C. H. Smith	Boland	1-2
Big Dip	120	E. P. Schuler	Boland	1-2
Indian Babe	120	C. H. Smith	Boland	1-2
Dave of Peace	120	C. H. Smith	Boland	1-2
Pink Nose	120	C. H. Smith	Boland	1-2
Charlie White	120	C. H. Smith	Boland	1-2
Keep Up	120	C. H. Smith	Boland	1-2
Orch	120	C. H. Smith	Boland	1-2

\*Doubtful starter.

THIS is Derby day—the one day in all the year when horses are raced more for honor than for gold, the day on which the racing game rises above a financial game and becomes a sport.

The proud owner of the winning may have the purse, but he will have the glory. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph.

The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph.

The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph.

The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph.

The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph.

The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph.

The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph.

The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph.

The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph.

The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph.

The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph.

The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph.

The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph.

The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph.

The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph. The day is a day of honor, a day of glory, a day of triumph.

## WHITE ESCAPES SERIOUS INJURY IN AUTO MIXUP

**Wrecks Motor Truck, but Fighter, Wife, and Friend Are Unscathed.**

BY RAY C. PEARSON.

Charley White had better have a care for his own safety in the field for the lightweight championship. White and his automobile got into another jam yesterday, the second within the last three months, but he luckily escaped injury, as did also his wife and woman friend who occupied the tonneau seats in White's machine.

The boxer was driving his car south on Rush street when he collided with a newspaper delivery truck at the corner of Ohio street. The truck was being driven east on Ohio street and White did not have time to apply the brakes to avoid a collision. White's machine struck the truck fairly in the middle and carried it around the corner before he could bring his car to a standstill.

**All Escape Injury.** That no one was injured was remarkable. The women in White's car were shaken up, as was also the driver of the truck. The truck was wrecked, while White was driving at high speed. The machine turned over, the lighter and his companion being pinned under it. White crawled from under the wrecked car without even a scratch. His companion, however, received a gash on the head.

**No Clabby-Gibbons Match.** Reports that Jimmy Clabby and Mike Gibbons have been matched to fight before the Cream City Athletic club of Milwaukee are far from true, according to promoter Tommy Amos, who was in the city yesterday. Amos has been out for the match and has been dickered with both fighters, but he said that the match had not been clinched. It seems it is a matter of money that is causing the difficulty, both fighters demanding big advances.

Andrews isn't the least bit discouraged, for he thinks that both boys will agree to battle before his club within a few days, or after they have had a chance to think things over. It is known that Andrews has offered \$7,500, which is some chunk of coin for a test match, to no decision. What he has offered Gibbons hasn't been known.

**HAYES WINS OVER MICHAELS.** Dan Hayes, former middleweight champion, showed that he is a great conqueror last night when he was awarded the decision over Sam Michaels in a bout held by the Indiana Athletic club just over the state line. The middleweight put up a battle which was marked by hard hitting, two knockdowns being scored by Hayes, one in the first round and the other in the fourth, when right swings connected with Michaels' jaw. At the finish Hayes had gained such a moral victory that he refused to give him the fight. A crowd of about 600 local men saw the battle.

**BILLY WAGNER BEATS DAILEY.**

Toledo, O., Dec. 18.—(Special.)—Billy Wagner, the tough Chicago lightweight, got a well earned decision over Frankie Dailey at the Toledo Athletic club last night. Wagner, who is a local favorite, won the bout by a knockout in the second round. Dailey was disqualified in the second round by referee Duffy for fouling Gibbons and the Hudson boxing club refused to pay Michaels for the fight.

**COAST SWIMMERS COMING.** Swimming instructor Backus of the Illinois A. C. yesterday announced that the University of California aquatic team would come early in the spring and had requested a trial match with the local team. Backus said the western team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch.

**COAST SWIMMERS COMING.** Swimming instructor Backus of the Illinois A. C. yesterday announced that the University of California aquatic team would come early in the spring and had requested a trial match with the local team. Backus said the western team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch.

**COAST SWIMMERS COMING.** Swimming instructor Backus of the Illinois A. C. yesterday announced that the University of California aquatic team would come early in the spring and had requested a trial match with the local team. Backus said the western team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch.

**COAST SWIMMERS COMING.** Swimming instructor Backus of the Illinois A. C. yesterday announced that the University of California aquatic team would come early in the spring and had requested a trial match with the local team. Backus said the western team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch.

**COAST SWIMMERS COMING.** Swimming instructor Backus of the Illinois A. C. yesterday announced that the University of California aquatic team would come early in the spring and had requested a trial match with the local team. Backus said the western team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch.

**COAST SWIMMERS COMING.** Swimming instructor Backus of the Illinois A. C. yesterday announced that the University of California aquatic team would come early in the spring and had requested a trial match with the local team. Backus said the western team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch.

**COAST SWIMMERS COMING.** Swimming instructor Backus of the Illinois A. C. yesterday announced that the University of California aquatic team would come early in the spring and had requested a trial match with the local team. Backus said the western team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch.

**COAST SWIMMERS COMING.** Swimming instructor Backus of the Illinois A. C. yesterday announced that the University of California aquatic team would come early in the spring and had requested a trial match with the local team. Backus said the western team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch.

**COAST SWIMMERS COMING.** Swimming instructor Backus of the Illinois A. C. yesterday announced that the University of California aquatic team would come early in the spring and had requested a trial match with the local team. Backus said the western team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch.

**COAST SWIMMERS COMING.** Swimming instructor Backus of the Illinois A. C. yesterday announced that the University of California aquatic team would come early in the spring and had requested a trial match with the local team. Backus said the western team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch.

**COAST SWIMMERS COMING.** Swimming instructor Backus of the Illinois A. C. yesterday announced that the University of California aquatic team would come early in the spring and had requested a trial match with the local team. Backus said the western team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch.

**COAST SWIMMERS COMING.** Swimming instructor Backus of the Illinois A. C. yesterday announced that the University of California aquatic team would come early in the spring and had requested a trial match with the local team. Backus said the western team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch.

**COAST SWIMMERS COMING.** Swimming instructor Backus of the Illinois A. C. yesterday announced that the University of California aquatic team would come early in the spring and had requested a trial match with the local team. Backus said the western team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch.

**COAST SWIMMERS COMING.** Swimming instructor Backus of the Illinois A. C. yesterday announced that the University of California aquatic team would come early in the spring and had requested a trial match with the local team. Backus said the western team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch.

**COAST SWIMMERS COMING.** Swimming instructor Backus of the Illinois A. C. yesterday announced that the University of California aquatic team would come early in the spring and had requested a trial match with the local team. Backus said the western team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch.

**COAST SWIMMERS COMING.** Swimming instructor Backus of the Illinois A. C. yesterday announced that the University of California aquatic team would come early in the spring and had requested a trial match with the local team. Backus said the western team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch.

**COAST SWIMMERS COMING.** Swimming instructor Backus of the Illinois A. C. yesterday announced that the University of California aquatic team would come early in the spring and had requested a trial match with the local team. Backus said the western team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch.

**COAST SWIMMERS COMING.** Swimming instructor Backus of the Illinois A. C. yesterday announced that the University of California aquatic team would come early in the spring and had requested a trial match with the local team. Backus said the western team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch. The team would be a good one to watch.

## RING TITLE HOPE OF CARPENTIER AFTER WAR ENDS

**Drives French General's Auto and Looks Ahead to Bouts.**

New York, Dec. 18.—(Special.)—Georges Carpentier, heavyweight champion of Europe, is now assigned to the French aviation corps and is driving an auto to and from the front for a general.

"I have not performed any great deeds yet," writes Carpentier to a London sporting paper. "Perhaps you heard that I captured a German dog. And up to date perhaps that is my greatest feat. But the war is young, and there will be, perhaps, time for me to do something bigger—something really big."

**Doesn't Mind Danger.** "When I come to think of it by myself I am conscious of a big splash of danger, but when a fellow is strong and in condition, as I am—I was never in better shape, not even after one of my most profitable stays at Manito, where I trained for my fight with my Bombarrier, and for all other combats—nothing matters. How I would glory to jump into the ring now against anybody."

"If and as soon as this war is over, Gunboat Smith, or any other man, wants to meet me, I shall be ready and willing."

**Heart Set on Being Champion.** "My heart is set on being the champion of the world—I want to beat them all. I never mind the color, and I believe I shall do this, if I am spared. I have not forgotten boxing, even in these terrible altered times. I would like to see a fight with the best of them, one after the other!"

**CURTAIN DROPS ON COAST BOXING.**

San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 18.—(Special.)—With the war in progress, a fight in the last twenty-five years in their accustomed seats on hand for the war was one of the professional boxing game, the curtain was rung down for California at Dreamland ring tonight. Just to carry out their part of the evening's duties, which took on more the nature of a ceremony than a fight, Red Watson and Mike Gibbons went through the motions without even wishing to do so.

When Red Jordan, pair of all announcers, climbed through the ropes there was a hush, as if that match was the veteran. He performed his duties with a hush, as if that match was the veteran. He performed his duties with a hush, as if that match was the veteran.

**BUCKLE.** "Let 'em go," he waved, and the last fight was on.

**FUGITIVE POINTERS.** Bridgeport, Conn., Dec. 18.—(Special.)—



[illegible]







## Pictures OW'S BUNE

has engaged W. critics, to write activities in New ed the leading His first weekly ear tomorrow.

re this with the elation—a story T. McCutcheon, used to prove person's preju and sheds great warring nations.

—of a remarkable y never dreamed of See color section.

Shaw's philippic, at the War" England.

colors. The at their best.

ns— section alone.

le inimitable Kids—also Angel Child.

King of Fiction

ROW STUFF:

in Tribune

Every  
st of all  
man's  
real  
ain Pen

00. Folder on request.

es. Avoid Substitutes.

to suit recipient's hand.

Leading Stores.

ny, 115 S. Clark St., Chicago

of the Theaters showing

UDORA

ed listed under their respective in the spaces shown below.

THEATERS

am subject to change)

WEST SIDE

ANNEX MADISON AND

FROM THUNDER MOUNTAIN

HOUSE—RICHARD TRAVERS

5747 Chicago Avenue

Perils of Pauline

THE HAZARD OF HELEN

SOUTH SIDE

WOOD

47th and Kimbark

INE AND EVENING

REAGAN'S GREATEST

ORE THAN

QUEEN

112 SCENES

NATURAL COLORS

grandful production played at the Comedie Francaise, Paris

at the Palace, London and on Broadway, New York.

A 47th St. Cottage Grove

Hot Ventilated Theater in Chicago.

MATINEE AND EVENING

R. DIGBY BELL

Celebrated Comedian, in

Education of Mr. Pipp

Indie Five Act Comedy.

FATHE WEEKLY & WAR NEWS.

EXTRA AT MATINEE

THE TRAINED ELEPHANTS

and Other Features.

## Benefit Nets Lying-In Hospital \$10,000.

### Old Time Fashionable Audience Gathers.

BY EDITH BROWN KIRKWOOD.

English has not been able to accomplish so far this season—it brought an old time fashionable audience to the Auditorium. As a result of the advertising campaign waged for weeks previous to last night urging Chicago to lend its aid to the evening's performance, the double bill of opera, and the dancing of Pavlova and her wonderful ballet, and to the fact that Chicago is interested in the lying-in hospital to the extent of patronizing all of its benefits generously, the hospital when the receipts are counted will have at least \$10,000 to its credit. This is the statement of the women who have managed the entertainment.

Socially it was a most satisfactory evening. War may be devastating Europe, but it is repopulating the society sections of the American cities. America is today the world's only playground, and all of the people to whom play is not a pastime, but a profession, have returned to America.

Chicago has reached its quota. They were all there last night, and it gave something of the thrill of other days even to those who had come to regard social thrills as belonging to other days.

There was little attempt to add to the setting, for to try to decorate the Auditorium would be to gild gold. For the convenience of the hungry and the thirsty, and incidentally to add as much as possible to the sum total for the hospital, tables had been placed about the second floor promenade, where delicate drinks and sandwiches might be consumed while the between acts visit was indulged in.

At other times there was a buffet built against a green background made of gathered dark green calico. Against this background were hung French mirrors, and candles were upheld by old gilt and crystal candle holders.

Baskets of fruit lent color and white capped maids stood in attendance. Electric lights, too, were hidden behind inverted shades of bright red and black paper, and the drapings of the counter were in red and white striped awning scalloped as to edges and finished with black fringe. It was all novel and picturesque.

It was the first time Mrs. Potter Palmer had appeared at the Auditorium for the season. And after all is said and done it's a real joy, socially, to have Mrs. Palmer back again. Chicago society has been drifting since she went away.

She came in rather late—in fact, it was a very late party—and her escort was her brother, Adrian Honoré, who has been escorting her for many years. You see, it really was an old time party. She wore a sweeping gown of soft plum colored velvet with a long wrap of the same, a little aigrette of the same shade in her hair, and her dog collar and rope of pearls which have been a part of her costumes of this winter. Miss Emily Ryerson was in her company and so were Harold Heston and Douglas Robinson.

Mrs. Marshall Field, another matron sent home by the war, likewise was present. Mrs. Field wore a pink satin with steel embroidery and with her in the box was Mrs. John A. Carpenter wearing a ruffled dress of black tulle over very dark green satin—so dark as to give the dress the appearance of having been entirely of black. Mrs. Field's

### Symphony Gives Its Tenth Program.

Program given by the Chicago Symphony Orchestra at Orchestra Hall, Chicago, Dec. 19, 1914.

Overture—"Kithchen von Hellbrunn," Opus 17, by Franz Liszt.  
Symphony No. 6, "Pastoral," by Ludwig van Beethoven.  
Allegro ma non troppo (Awakening of joyful feelings on arrival in the country).  
Adante molto meno (By the brook).  
Allegro (Village festival).  
Allegretto (The shepherd's song).  
Transfiguring after the storm.  
Symphonic suite—"Waldesruhe," by Felix Mendelssohn.  
Italian Serenade, Opus 90, by Johannes Brahms.

BY RONALD WEBSTER.

THE ghost of Christmas shopping hovered over Orchestra hall yesterday afternoon during the tenth program given by the Chicago Symphony orchestra, keeping a considerable number of the subscribers out of the building until after the performance of Brahms' overture, played here for the first time. For their consolation it should be said that they missed a pretentious bit of mediocrity which revealed no distinctive charm. The program would have been seriously damaged by its omission.

Most of them got in for the Beethoven symphony. Schumann confessed, after he had heard it scores of times, that Beethoven's magic made it impossible to listen to with a conscious and critical ear—that parts were still mysterious to him. Magic of the same kind was there in Mr. Stock's interpretation of it. Like so many of Beethoven's works it induces a feeling of physical well being. The storm, however, seemed a peaceful shower punctuated by a little thunder. One can hardly understand how Berlin, whose opinion of it is quoted in the program notes, can have called it "a frightful cataclysm; the universal deluge; the end of the world."

One careful and discriminating auditor told me that he had not realized the storm had begun until it was over. At any rate the shepherd's song of thanksgiving seemed more in praise of the rain than the nature for having spared him the ruinous consequences of a deluge.

Modern program-musicians, however, if they were writing about physical and not moral storms, would be free to promise something more terrifying though probably not more pleasing.

The chief thrill of the afternoon (except for the ancient Brahmsian) came in Adolph Weidig's symphonic suite. To those to whom "made in Hindale, Ill." is sure indication of dullness, the work must have come with the force of an earthquake, richly unearthing firm beliefs. Mr. Weidig admits that the composition comes from Hindale—that it was written during the summer of 1912.

Whatever else may be said of it, it was not dull. Possibly the best movement has in it some of the dryness of the too clever workman. The last two probably are just as clever, but the cleverness does not cover up the vitality of the music.

The romance especially was charming from the first note.

After Mr. Stock had been applauded and Mr. Weidig's, the concertmaster, had been allowed to take his seat Mr.



A GROUP OF PAVLOVA'S DANCERS

Jewels included very large earrings of pearl and an immense pearl brooch.

It is not possible to mention all of the socially elect who might have place in a yarn of this kind and who were there. Therefore, it may be just as well to select the ones whose costumes bore directly and distinctly upon the elaborateness of the evening.

The guests were greeted at the door by a group of charming young women who sold the programs and by reason of their charm helped greatly to make up the \$10,000.

There was Miss Ellen Augur, one of the city's real beauties, who in a white chiffon gown banded in black velvet and caught with pink roses sold many of the programs. Miss Augur confided to some one that every day next week she was to play Santa Claus in some part of the city, therefore last night was but the beginning of many hours of her labor for those who need.

There also was Miss Elizabeth Newberry in a lovely black net gown and Miss Alice Cuddey in a turquoise blue chiffon and satin offsetting her splendid, bright red hair, and Miss Georgiana Owsley, another debutante of the season, who wore her spaghetti white gown a shawl of tulle which at least in a measure protected her shoulders from the blais which found their way into the foyer.

To return to the features in the evening's continuing, one of the really lovely gowns of the evening was worn by Mrs. Edward Leicht. It was of round length and was fashioned of gold lace edged with sable. The lace quite naturally needed but little trimming, the bodice having a short cape effect of heavier gold lace.

Mrs. R. T. Crane's gorgeous wrap of gold cloth, into which was worked a brocade of black, was a most exquisite creation. There was a shirred waist line and

a deep black marten collar.

Miss Helen Pauling's cloak of rose and gold brocade was another attractive wrap, and so was Miss Edith Blair's wrap of deep cream broadcloth finished in front with little knife-plaited ruffles, and around the shoulders of which fell a deep draped cloak of cream velvet brocade.

So also was Miss Mildred Blair's cloak of white Chantilly edged in white fur. Mrs. Chaffield-Taylor's cloak was of scarlet velvet and Mrs. William R. O'Sullivan's of midnight blue and gold brocade.

Mrs. Charles Connelman's gown, of rose velvet, made in double skirt, un-gathered, and trimmed about the bodice in pearl embroidered net, was most effective, and so was Mrs. James Ward Thorne's flaring cloak of dark blue brocade with deep outline of black velvet.

Mrs. W. J. Chalmer's, with her black evening gown and long black cloak, was among her jewels very long earrings of graduated collars.

As to cloaks, none was more striking in effect than Mrs. Robert H. McCormick's. It was fashioned of material closely akin to the old rare old-Paley shawls and was finished with a deep col-

lar and cuffs of rich fur.

Mrs. Lockwood Honoré's costume of black and tan, and Mrs. Edward Moore's, the tall brunette beauty, covered her evening gown with a floor length coat of ermine. Some five inches up the cloak hung a narrow band of white fringe, and about the bottom there was a fringe with the black ball tips used in contrast.

Mrs. Campanelli likewise wore a long ermine coat, and Mrs. Charles Folds had a gorgeous scarlet velvet.

Mrs. Samuel Insull was in white, with a cloak the upper part of which was of gray and pale green brocade and the lower of white.

This half and half combination was introduced into Mrs. Harry Harvey's cloak also—the upper half of blue and gold brocade and the lower of white fur.

Mrs. W. O. Beale was in gold brocade, trimmed, and Miss Ruth Gregory wore a scarlet gown over which was a mandarin coat of scarlet with the full blue and gold embroidered upon it.

Of the brides and bridegrooms who were present there were Mr. and Mrs. Paul Walling and Mr. and Mrs. David Dangler, and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Fairborn.

The public dance planned to have been held on the stage of the Auditorium after the performance was called off.

### Great Dancing by the Russians.

BY PERCY HAMMOND.

It is not possible in writing of the dancing of Pavlova to escape the stock banality that every ballerina did the dance so well. No matter how many times you may see her the impression instantly obtrudes itself that you are present at her greatest moment—that she is giving new meanings to rhythm by translating it into fresh terms of the most untrammelled and yet the most harmonious body movement. Similes, as the London critic exclaimed hopefully, have been exhausted in describing the things that she does. The waves, the reed, the flame, said he, no longer boast that she is like them; it is they who are like her.

So from the instant that she peered eagerly from behind the curtains as the fairy doll in "Puppen-fee" at the Auditorium last evening her spirit and her body dominated the somewhat formal and stately assembly. I think it no more than right to say that from that moment Chicago became the City Beautiful, with the State street bridge and the skyline of the city hall reduced to forgotten unrealities. Why should not Mr. Wacker condemn Pavlova and with special assessments subvert her to dance here forever? She might mean more to us than widening Twelfth street or the construction of a pleasure pier. At any rate, she closed the breach between us and civilization last evening for a few hours at least.

Fortunately the "Puppen-fee" which formed the major part of the program last evening is one of the ballets in which the story, presented in dumb show, does not interfere much with the exhibition of rhythm and beautiful gesture. The two scenes were charming with their quaint arabesques and enticements and with their characters, Dresden china, Tyrolean, Berber, Russian, and the two fascinating drummer girls and their delicious little hop. The troupe again re-

vealed its extraordinary technical equipment—the untiring sense of cadence, elegance, and fantasy that makes each member an artist. Ordinarily these pantomimes are wearing, but this one was so picturesque and colorful and animated, and it had so much of the heart and sway of Pavlova's art, that it was joyous.

In the presence of art of this sort one's pleasure is sheerly esthetic. It is not a case of Mr. Peppy and his "bait legs that I ever saw" for the one element of contrast for very little, though no doubt it is present somewhere in the subconscience. Pavlova and Volterra her softly muscular contrived, gave at the last the Bacchante, a headlong frenzy, tempered always by perfect grace, revealing all that is beautiful in the Bacchante with nothing that is distasteful. It was rather like Innocence with vine leaves in her hair, as "wanton, as a maid" in wild, say bit of idealized indulgence, in interesting contrast to "The Swan" with its delicacy and pathos.

Reams have been written about the marvels of Pavlova's technique, but I am one of those who like to be oblivious to it. To me she has no technique. All that she did last evening at the Auditorium, with her legs, her arms, and her spirit, was absolutely an improvisation as far as I permitted myself to investigate. In the popular "Pavlova Gavotte" with its lovely but effective musical accompaniment you might see the wheels; but the grace of the treatable little pivot movement charmed you into indifference to its soliloquy character. There were many dances by the company, including the bewitching "Moment Musical" of Schubert and the Andra dance from Grieg's "Peer Gynt" suite. If there was a flaw in the proceedings it was in the wild Polish dance, whereby the participants seemed a trifle ragged and uncertain.

"Fagiolini" was a very fine piece, as played by the Century Opera company, preceding the appearance of the dancers.

## Stock Reception Follows Orchestra Concert

M. AND MRS. FREDERICK

STOCK gave a reception in the ballroom of the Orchestra hall yesterday afternoon following the regular afternoon concert of the symphony orchestra. The special guests of the afternoon were the donors of the lying-in hospital. Mr. Stock last week in commemoration of his tenth anniversary as director of the orchestra.

A number of luncheon parties preceded the concert yesterday. Among those who entertained at the luncheon were Mrs. Joseph Adams, Mrs. Albert Baking, Mr. her daughter, Mrs. Lawrence Fitch of Milwaukee, Mrs. A. Watson Armour, Mrs. Frank Hilliard and Mrs. Clifford Lang-

Mr. and Mrs. Emerson Friday of 1051 East Fifty-third street have issued invitations to the marriage of their daughter, Wilhelmina, to Milton Everett Robinson Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Milton Everett Robinson of 4616 Drexel boulevard.

The wedding will be celebrated at 8 o'clock on the evening of Dec. 21 at the family residence. Mrs. Arthur M. Jordan (Carrie Nicholson) of Fayetteville, Ark., formerly of Chicago, will be the matron of honor, and Miss Gertrude Friday, younger sister of the bride, will be the maid of honor.

Miss Gertrude Grace of Annawan, formerly of Chicago, and Miss Cecilia Robinson will be the bridesmaids. Mr. Robinson is to have his father for his best

man, and the brides are to be Emerson and Friday and Robinson Friday, the bride's brothers, Mr. M. Farnon and Mr. W. F. Laidley of Chicago. The bridegroom's cousin, Martha Miller, will be the flower girl.

Mrs. George Wright, Herbert and Mrs. Fred A. Palmer of Chicago, Mrs. Oliver Gray Cameron and Mrs. William H. Rattenbury of Oak Park, will give a charity party at the Colonial club, Monday afternoon next. The four business have arranged the party to secure funds sufficient to pay the rent for fifteen needy families during the winter.

Their original list, including hundreds of these families, personally investigated, but through donations of friends they have secured enough to pay rent for four and in most instances likewise have secured work for the fathers of these families.

Several hundred tickets already have been sold for the party, and as everything from prices and club to pencils has been donated for the afternoon it is thought a good sum will be realized.

Mrs. Carter H. Harrison is to be the guest of honor at a luncheon to be given at 1 o'clock today at the Hotel La Salle by the Irish Fellowship club.

Mrs. Joseph R. Noel of Oak Park will give a tea for her daughters, Misses Harriett and Virginia, from 3 to 5 o'clock Tuesday, Dec. 22.

Mr. and Mrs. O. Dickinson Street and

small son, O. Dickinson Street Jr., of New York, will arrive in a few days to spend Christmas with Mrs. Street's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Leopold, West of Highland Park. Mrs. Street and the lad will remain with Mr. and Mrs. West for two months.

Tota Beta Phi, for years well known as an academic society, is doing "Good Fellow" work this Christmas in connection with its charity leaves. Many families will be supplied with food, clothing and fuel, as well as toys for the children. After the holiday preparations will be started for the third annual charity ball to be given at the Hotel La Salle next before Lent.

Miss Marion Talbot and Miss Sophronia P. Breckinridge of the University of Chicago are opening the holidays in southern California. Miss Breckinridge is to give a series of addresses before the teachers of California.

In Aid of Day Nursery. John T. McCutcheon will talk on the European war tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock in assembly hall, Fine Arts building. The Wiegels Belgian war pictures will also be shown. An admission of 10c will be charged, the proceeds going to the support of the work of the Archer Avenue Day nursery.

## TONIGHT

Dine and dance at the Bismarck Winter Garden, Broadway, Grace and Halsted.

### The Bismarck Dollar Dinner

is served from 6 to 9 P.M. The a la carte service is unexcelled.

Sig. Franco de Gregorio

the famous Italian tenor from the London Covent Garden Grand Opera, sings nightly.

Mr. and Mrs. K. von Rabe

society favorites, lead the dancing.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE IN THE TRIBUNE

# California Walnuts

## DIAMOND BRAND

### for Christmas—

### DIAMOND BRAND JUMBO WALNUTS

for the

- Christmas tree
- Christmas stockings
- Christmas dinner
- Christmas candies
- Christmas cakes

Use them for the turkey dressing, salads and as salted walnuts.

—The "Jumbo Grade," in the three-pound package with the cheery Christmas wrap, makes a most appetizing, unusual gift.

—Only the "choicest of the choicest" of all California walnuts goes into these packages. Great, big, beautiful nuts, filled with plump, white, fine meats.

—"Jumbo Grade Diamond Brand" Walnuts are sold only in the three-pound package. The package and the brand identify these splendid California Walnuts for you.

—Buy them to help make a "Merry Christmas." Put two or three packages on the tree. The brightness of the wrapper will add a touch to the decorations.

## CALIFORNIA WALNUT GROWERS ASSOCIATION

LOS ANGELES CALIFORNIA

GEO. PETTIGREW, Chicago Distributor  
180 North Dearborn Street



How to stop dandruff and loss of hair

Shampoo with hot water, rubbing thoroughly into the scalp with the rich, creamy lather of

Resinol Soap

as to wetting and stimulating the scalp, to remove the dead skin and cells, and to keep the hair in the roots of the hair. Resinol is gradually cooled, the scalp water being cold. Dry the hair thoroughly, without artificial heat. This simple, agreeable method always stops dandruff and scalp itching, and keeps the hair life, thick and lustrous.

Resinol Soap leaves no stinging or irritating odor upon the scalp. Sold everywhere. Resinol Soap is made by the Resinol Soap Co., 222 N. La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

## 50 cents A WEEK

### THE PRICES OF OUR KNAB STOCK OF DIAMONDS WATCHES & JEWELRY

are carefully marked to meet and beat all competitive prices everywhere.

—The Knab & Son Guarantee—

# Knab & Son

RELIABLE GOODS

222 N. La Salle St. CHICAGO

Open Every Evening and Sunday Till 10 P.M.

## AUSTRALIA

### TAHITI AND NEW ZEALAND

# R. M. S. MOANA

Special Low Rates

Route	First Class	Second Class	Third Class
London to Sydney via Tahiti, Honolulu, and Wellington, returning to London via San Francisco, Yokohama, and Hong Kong.	\$100.00	\$75.00	\$50.00
London to Sydney via Tahiti, Honolulu, and Wellington, returning to London via San Francisco, Yokohama, and Hong Kong.	\$100.00	\$75.00	\$50.00

Special Low Rates

London to Sydney via Tahiti, Honolulu, and Wellington, returning to London via San Francisco, Yokohama, and Hong Kong.

Special Low Rates

London to Sydney via Tahiti, Honolulu, and Wellington, returning to London via San Francisco, Yokohama, and Hong Kong.

## BERMUDA

### TWIN "Bermudian"

Special Low Rates

Route	First Class	Second Class	Third Class
London to Bermuda via New York, Philadelphia, and Washington.	\$100.00	\$75.00	\$50.00
London to Bermuda via New York, Philadelphia, and Washington.	\$100.00	\$75.00	\$50.00

Special Low Rates

London to Bermuda via New York, Philadelphia, and Washington.

Special Low Rates

London to Bermuda via New York, Philadelphia, and Washington.

## BUENOS AIRES

### SYDNEY-AUSTRALIA

Special Low Rates

Route	First Class	Second Class	Third Class
London to Buenos Aires via New York, Philadelphia, and Washington.	\$100.00	\$75.00	\$50.00
London to Buenos Aires via New York, Philadelphia, and Washington.	\$100.00	\$75.00	\$50.00

Special Low Rates

London to Buenos Aires via New York, Philadelphia, and Washington.

Special Low Rates

London to Buenos Aires via New York, Philadelphia, and Washington.

## ANCHOR LINE

### ROYAL MAIL

Special Low Rates

Route	First Class	Second Class	Third Class
London to New York via New York, Philadelphia, and Washington.	\$100.00	\$75.00	\$50.00
London to New York via New York, Philadelphia, and Washington.	\$100.00	\$75.00	\$50.00

Special Low Rates

London to New York via New York, Philadelphia, and Washington.

Special Low Rates

London to New York via New York, Philadelphia, and Washington.



The plan also calls for the establishment of all the postoffice employment agencies.







# DUNNE A FRIEND OF CITY WORKER

Governor Sponsors Request for Raise of Bridewell Gardener's Pay.

## ALDERMEN DO NOT ACT.

For many years the city council has been in a state of inaction on the subject of the pay of the city workers. The council has been in a state of inaction on the subject of the pay of the city workers. The council has been in a state of inaction on the subject of the pay of the city workers.

There was read to the committee a letter written on a letter head bearing the name of "State of Illinois, Executive Department, Springfield, Edward F. Dunne, Governor." The letter was a request for an increase of \$100 a month. It was sent to Mayor Harrison, who caused it to be forwarded to the committee.

Here is Governor's Letter. The text of the letter follows: "Dear Mayor Harrison: I am in receipt of a letter from Mr. Edward F. Dunne, Governor of the State of Illinois, dated December 15, 1914, in which he requests an increase of \$100 a month for the pay of the city workers."

He states that in addition to the work hitherto imposed upon him at the bridge, he is now expected to care for the decorating plants at the city hall and that the request to be paid some additional compensation.

I believe him to be a well qualified, hard working gardener, and submit the merits of his claim to you for your kindly consideration. Very truly yours, "E. F. DUNNE."

No Action Taken. No action was taken on the letter.

Charles H. Wacker, chairman of the Chicago Public Commission, appeared before the committee with a request that the appropriation of \$100,000 for the city workers be reduced to \$80,000 as proposed by the controller.

The salary of the city treasurer was cut from \$12,000 to \$10,000 and the office of track elevation commissioner was abolished. Both changes are effective next April.

## DEVELOPMENTS FAVORABLE TO INDUSTRY, DUN'S REPORT.

Dun's Report, published today by R. G. Dun & Co., will say:

"Although trade in its more important branches is yet marked by irregularity, the principal developments this week mainly were favorable. The decision as to freight rates proved cheering for the railroad interests, and it is expected that heavy contracts will be released without further delay."

"Confidence in the business outlook has been strengthened in other ways. The leading retail lines obtained the necessary stimulus from the seasonal weather, and an increased use of money is reflected in the volume of business, the daily average having exceeded \$50,000,000, a sustained level which has not been seen in some time."

"The money market has shown further ease, more interest is apparent in securities and investments, and there is added accumulation of funds in the banks. The failure record discloses much amelioration of weak concerns and improvement in the credit conditions generally are healthier, and there is less difficulty in collections in the mercantile lines."

"The prospects for manufacturing advance steadily and some new lines of production for reducing the capacity of steel, thus providing enlarged labor forces and increasing pay, both in this direction."

"Bank clearings, \$300,111,100, are 9.8 per cent under those of the corresponding week in 1913, and compare with \$235,104,084 in 1912. Failures reported in the Chicago district number 28, against 26 last week, 23 in 1913, and 24 in 1912. These with liabilities over \$5,000,000, 18, against 16 last week, 11 in 1913, and 14 in 1912."

Bradstreet's Weekly Report. "NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—Bradstreet's Journal will say tomorrow:

"Trade conditions run along irregular lines. On the one hand retail trade has been helped by two factors, holiday buying and cold weather, but in the industrial lines the outlook is quiet, reflecting preliminary conditions, plus seasonal slowing down of industrial activity. The future is more in evidence, thanks to lower rates for money, and the outlook for the week was 400, against 375 in the corresponding week last year."

## BUILDING PERMITS.

800 Buckingham st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000.

800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000.

800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000.

800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000.

800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000.

800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000.

800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000.

800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000.

800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000.

800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000.

800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000.

800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000. 800 W. 11th st., 2 story brick house, \$10,000.

# Major Edward A. Bigelow.

Born Aug. 18, 1848. Died Dec. 18, 1914.

## MAJ. E. A. BIGELOW PASSES AWAY AT HINSDALE

Veteran of Civil and Spanish Wars Dies in Sanitarium.

Major Edward A. Bigelow, U. S. A., a veteran of the civil and Spanish-American wars, died at the Hinsdale sanitarium yesterday.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Susan Springer Bigelow; a son, Loyal Arthur Bigelow, and a brother, James L. Bigelow of Muskegon, Mich. Maj. Bigelow was in the army during the Spanish-American war.

# BIG SOUTH SIDE TRADE CLOSED

Apartments at Calumet and Sixtieth Street Sold by Clifford Leonard.

## CONSIDERATION \$72,500.

A big south side apartment deal was closed and made a matter of record yesterday, comprising the property at the southwest corner of Sixtieth street and Calumet avenue, and the transaction has an added interest by reason of the fact the purchasers were nonresidents.

The building, which contains twenty-four apartments, occupies a lot with a frontage of 186 feet on Sixtieth street and 119 feet on Calumet avenue.

It was sold by Clifford W. Leonard to Maury D. and Sarah O. Davis, and while a consideration of \$72,500 is given in the transfer the property bears an incumbrance of \$32,500, which with the \$20 worth of revenue stamps on the document indicates a consideration of \$72,500.

Another interesting deal in south side flat property, also made a matter of record, was the sale by William H. Johnson to Alexander W. Hannah of the nine flat building on the south side of Fort Street, between 22d and 23d streets.

The lot fronts 75 feet, with a depth of 224 feet, and while the consideration is withheld the \$25 worth of revenue stamps on the deed, together with an incumbrance of \$25,000, would indicate a consideration of \$72,500. Mr. Hannah is said to have given in part payment twenty acres of land at Lake Forest.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street, which was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

Record has been made of the long term lease of the ground at the northeast corner of North and Maple streets, 22d and 23d streets, which was made for a term of ninety-nine years from May 1, 1914, was made by Alexander W. Hannah to the Chicago Real Estate Company, and provided for a straight annual rent of \$2,000, with an option to purchase the property at \$100,000, with a 5 per cent advance in the price of the property at 1007 Pratt boulevard, 1004 North La Salle street, and 1005 North La Salle street.

# THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1914

## THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1914

## THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1914

## THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1914

## THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1914

## THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1914

## THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1914

## THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1914

## THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1914

## THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1914

## THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1914

## THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1914







WANTED—  
Professionals  
FARMER—SOLDIER  
thoroughly understands  
law, nationality, and  
with references. Includ  
D E & Tribune.  
PRINTER—C

makeup, with knowledge not necessary; South M  
D E 43, Tribune.  
**STEEL ENGRAVERS**—commercial work and position for right man.  
**THE TRAUB MANU**  
Woodward-av., Detroit  
Salesmen, 30

If you are, write  
easy seller with  
large commission  
see

EXPERIENCED SOLICITORS  
PROPOSITION. FOR  
AN EXCELLENT OPP

CAN ASSURE - SEC  
 postpaid packages as  
 SCHMIDT, 219 S. Den  
 CAN ASSURE - READ  
 wires with good app  
 required. Call morning  
 CITY REPRESENTAT  
 trust on would be li  
 eral capable and assere  
 ing who have sold or ca  
 contracts; this proposi  
 has the endorsement of  
 and newspaper; open  
 appointment phone has

Experienced, to follo  
 leads on a NEW rap  
 quick, easy sales; big  
 P. M. ONLY. 1507 1st  
 MEN-TWO, WHO HA  
 ful selling the house  
 known; campaign ar  
 ability will merit good  
 Co., 1437 W. 1st St.  
 MEN-CHRISTIAN, P  
 specialty. Room 708.

**SALESMEN WANTED**  
with successful record  
with established high  
Ware: good proposition  
prove past record as  
reference and tell about  
**ILLINOIS PURE**  
Lemont,  
—  
—  
—  
—  
—  
—  
**SALESMEN—20.** To O  
house on best wash  
cleanest and best

sold on deferred payment  
 electric light bills; only  
 mean business and can  
 apply strictly committed  
 24 E. Montrose, after 10  
**SALESMEN—EXPERI**  
 who have a good ac-  
 and vicinity; whole or  
 to make money and but  
 increasing income; im-  
 nothing. Call and see  
 "The Rookery" Build-  
 ings.  
**SALES**

man. Have proposition  
salesman \$150 per mo.  
alon. Must be man of  
ability. Address T L 48  
SALESMANAGER-TO  
claim proposition  
who is capable of making  
tions strictly confidential  
Tribune.  
SALESMEN-SPECIAL  
vertising proposition; a  
we want high grade ad-  
ness men only; sells to  
Call 10 to 12 a. m., 910 1/2

something new: live  
this is your one opportunity  
to sell 10 W. Jackson  
10 s. m. or 8 p. m. only

**SALESMEN—LIVE**—  
on book and magazine  
out. CHAS. SCRIBNER  
born-st.

**SALESMEN WANTED**  
nance themselves tra  
agents. Call or address  
Bldg. Chicago.

**SALESMAN—WANTED**  
duce line into new ter

**SALESMEN—STORES**—  
entirely new; every wo-  
rks \$50c; make \$4 to \$8  
Monor Mfg. Co., 608 S.  
**SALESMEN—4** to sell  
electric automobile; ad-  
vise register salesman; prefer-  
378. Tribune.

**SALESMEN—PORTRA-**  
tures; salary and commis-  
sion; wire only. Call Re-  
born-4.

**SALESMEN—TWO, EX-**  
clusive; must furnish good

une.  
SALESMEN WANTED  
ZINE SALESMEN;  
AND ROAD WORK  
C. COOK PUBLISHING  
SALESMEN-EXPERIE  
paper canvass with vac  
can make \$90-\$120 per mo  
after 3. Room 304 102  
SALESMEN-HIGH CL  
every home, store, or of  
100 per cent profit. Zain  
quette Bldg.  
SALESMEN-PLACE U

SALESMAN - ACQUAIN -  
era supplies and the  
opportunity. RISHELI.  
SALESMAN WANTED  
tion; quick seller, somet  
und 12. Rooms 203 and  
SALESMAN - SLAVI; E  
city lamp; com. basis of  
a. m. HEDGES. 20 E.  
SALESMAN - WITH  
with retail drug trade in  
Address J 466. Tribune.  
SALESMAN -

SALESMAN—FOR ROAD  
ciality man; money man  
guaranteed. TOLMAN'S  
SALESMAN—\$5.00. PRO-  
cessors to merchants; Ka-  
12th st.  
SALESMEN—FOR A FIRM  
ation. Call at 424 N. Y  
SALESMAN—TRAVELING  
frame and moulding off  
SALESMEN—FOR SPECI-  
on commission. Edwards  
Wichita

on grocery trade. 2019  
SOLICITORS CAN MAKE  
personal help. 2019  
DUSEN, 20 E. Jackson.  
STREET PEDDLERS  
house salesman. new C  
207, 184 W. Washington  
SPECIALTY SALESMAN  
cover a section of China  
envelopes. Prefer man  
ence or with experience  
saving devices. Address  
WANTED - FOUR ES  
MANAGERS FOR CH  
CHICAGO, ILL. 2019

ESSENTIAL. APPLY MR.  
204, 832 SO. DEARBORN  
WANTED—TWO HIGH  
travelers with good com-  
petent strictly confidential  
chance.

Agents  
AGENTS—SALARY  
greatest seller yet; ever  
buys on sight; 200 to 500  
agent's sales \$620 in six  
two hours. Monroe Mfg. Co.  
WIA  
IF YOU HAVE ENERGY

mail order business of y  
only at first. Don't worr  
ticulars from Dep. E. A.  
change Buffalo, N. Y.  
**BIG SELLER, 4 GUAR**  
screw drivers leather s  
30c; each you 25c. Every  
1000 25c. **SALES CORP.**  
Washington-st.  
**AGENTS MAKE BIG PR**  
our fast selling holiday  
figs. Holiday decorations  
demand unlimited. Writ  
Sullivan Co., 1254 Va  
**AGENTS MAKE BIG PR**

WEEKLY a pinch. Write  
circularea. DAVIS  
Blaine-st.

AGENTS-HOUSEHOLD  
cently invented; con-  
hop to this for easy mo-  
Waraw, Ind.

AGENTS-SMALL LABO-  
HOLD ARTICLES WITH  
POINTS, BIG PROFITS.  
TUBUNE.

WANTED-MANUFACT-  
represent a manufact-  
ten, pound paper, etc.

**ARTICLE OF INTEREST**  
Necessity for over-  
women; big profits. Address  
**HEALTH AND ACCIDENT**  
**NATURAL DEATH** By  
**BY and Commission.** 65

**Miscellaneous**  
**MANAGERS—SEVERAL**  
partments, by establish-  
ment have practically  
cataloguing and selling  
ature, rugs, etc., since  
where employed, in what  
expected; splendid opportu-  
man, service.

OPERATOR - THOROUGHLY  
skilled hydraulic elevator  
M. G. RUDD & CO., St. Louis  
Help Wanted with  
PHARMACEUTICAL CHARGE  
of laboratory in  
small investment require  
experience.















## MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY ANNEX--The Store for Men

Beginning at 8 O'Clock This Morning  
**The First Great Sale of Overcoats**  
Launched in the New Store for Men  
**Prices Less Than Wholesale**

**\$17, \$18, \$19, \$20, \$21, \$22, \$23, \$24, \$25,  
\$26, \$28, \$29, \$30, \$31, \$32, \$34, \$36, \$38**

All on the Fifth Floor

So great is this Event that we have been obliged to open an additional Floor—the Fifth—to accommodate the large stock of merchandise. Scores of additional salesmen are prepared to serve all the men and young men that come here today.

Thousands of handsome Overcoats ready.

Represent great special purchases.

We simply took entire stock of winter garments from certain of country's best manufacturers.

Styles the best. Fabrics dependable. Workmanship the kind associated with all garments sold here.

Most of these Overcoats just finished—therefore up-to-the-minute in every respect.

### The Model You Prefer Is Here

Chesterfields of distinction  
Conservative Box Coats  
Loose Flaring Coats  
Youngish Form Fitting Models with Dash  
Full Length Ulsters and Great Coats  
Smart English Raglans  
Single and Double Breasted Styles  
Lengths from 42 to 50 inches  
Full and Quarter Linings of Satin  
Fancy Plaid Backs  
Shawl, Roll and Convertible Collars

Practically Any Model You Prefer, at  
Several Prices in Several Qualities.

### Just a Few Points About These Overcoats

They hug the neck  
Lapels mostly deep and wide  
Pockets slashed, patch (inside or out),  
and regular  
With and without belts  
With and without cuffs  
Just the right colors  
Warm browns—rich, imported mixtures  
Handsome grays  
Fine chinchillas  
Rich, glossy kerseys  
Youths' and Young men's, sizes 16 to  
22 years  
Men's sizes, 34 chest upward

**ALL MEN**—tall, short, stout, thin or medium—can get the right fit here, so great is the quantity, so varied the sizes and styles.

For the convenience of our customers, we have also moved to the Fifth Floor all our imported and domestic Overcoats heretofore carried on the Third and Fourth Floors. Many have been reduced for this occasion.

## MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY

### Men's Walking Sticks



Numerous Styles  
—Many Woods  
Enough to Satisfy  
Any Preference

A new and large assortment of Walking Sticks, designed by the leading manufacturers, has been added to our already extensive display.

The man with a preference for any style or design of handle in any wood is assured a satisfactory selection. Most varied are the styles in the following woods:

Malacca Partridge  
Ebony Pimento  
Cornell Rosewood  
Snakewood Applewood

with straight or crooked handles,

**\$1.00 to \$50.00**

Walking Sticks Are Acceptable Gifts

Only 5 Shopping Days Until Christmas.

## MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY

Comfortable Rockers for Christmas Gifts.

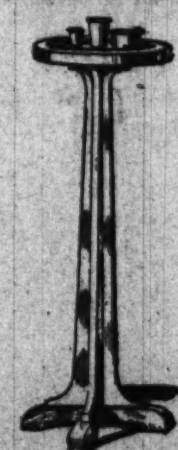


100 Mahogany Finish  
Rockers—Reduced  
to **\$6.50.**

Sensible, inexpensive Gifts that will be appreciated are these comfortable, well built and well finished wooden seat Rockers.

Gift Room, Eighth Floor.

### CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co.



100 Mission Oak  
Smokers' Stands  
At **\$2.50**

These come in a Stickley fumed finish. The base has a spread of 12 1/2 inches, the top measures 10 inches in diameter and the stand is table height, fitted with a removable tray, containing three pieces of spun brass. \$2.50.

Sixth Floor, North Room

### AMUSEMENTS CORT FUNNEL FARM IN THE WORLD A Pair of Sixes

Seats Ready Monday, in the Blackstone, for "MY LADY'S DRESS," opening Thursday (Christmas Eve).

VICTORIA! Next & Night, Today All Week, Starting with the New Comedy "WHILE THE CITY SLEEPS"

### AMUSEMENTS

ORCHESTRA HALL  
**NEWMAN TRAVEL TALKS**  
LAST TIME—Today at 2:15  
**BERLIN THE WAR CENTER**  
WITH ACTUAL WAR PICTURES  
Popular Price, 25c to \$1.00—NOW  
Orchestra Frederick Block, Cond'g  
SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA  
TONIGHT AT 8:15

**MAJESTIC ENTERTAINING**  
**Trixie Frigana & Co.**  
In the Latest New Act of the Year.  
Gus Edwards' "Matinee Girls"  
NELLIE NICHOLS singing  
Comedienne  
Signor Bonaghi Eva Taylor & Co.  
Mack & Orth Loyal's Animals  
Tooney & Norman Gormley & Caffrey  
Mack, 10-25-30, Except Saturday and Sunday  
MAIL ORDERS FOR NEW YEAR'S EVE.

**AUDITORIUM MATINEE AT 2**  
**GRAND CENTURY OPERA**  
Today Mat. Last Performance of "CARMEN" with Howard, Sharkey, Harwood, Mary, Knapp, and others. Tonight, Last Performance of "LA BOHEME" with Stanley, Blake, Kingston, Chalmers, Wadsworth, D'Amico, Paschke.  
10 PERFORMANCES BEGINNING TOMORROW (SUN.) NIGHT. ORCHESTRA BY PAULOWA HALL, with their JOINT ORCHESTRAS.

### EDUCATIONAL

**ST. MARY'S SCHOOL**  
FOR GIRLS AND YOUNG WOMEN.  
New Year Openings January 1st.  
2nd Year Class begins Feb. 1. First Year Class begins Feb. 1. First Year Class begins Feb. 1.  
Address Miss E. F. Howard, Principal.  
364 Michigan Blvd., Chicago.

**CHICAGO KINDERGARTEN COLLEGE**  
Elizabeth Harrison, President.  
Kindergarten and Primary Methods, Mid-Year Class begins Feb. 1. First Year Kindergarten and Primary Courses completed August 1. Address Miss E. F. Howard, Principal.  
364 Michigan Blvd., Chicago.

**ARMOUR INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY**  
Second session begins Jan. 26, 1915. Winter Term, starting January 1st. Address: Armour Institute of Technology, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago.

## Mandel Brothers

*The Christmas Store Beautiful*  
CLOCKS that may be treasured for generations we feature in a special offering that may not be duplicated in a lifetime.



Colonial  
hall clocks  
for **\$29**

—clocks that are 7 feet high and are fitted with imported eight-day movement

—the style here illustrated: solid birch case in mahogany finish, 12-inch etched dial; hour and half-hour strike, on a heavy 60-inch tube. The beauty of this clock is quite matched by a quality that is present in every detail of its construction.

First floor.

Other hall clocks here in large assortment, and at prices ranging from \$20 to \$400.

In MANDEL BROTHERS' toy section, 6th floor, 20,000 different playthings—"doll town" alone is 150 feet long.



Remarkable attractiveness in this offering of "comfort" slippers—

women's slippers at **95c**

—felt slippers, with lamb's wool soles; choice of gray, ecru, blue, wine, brown, fawn and black; extra value.

Women's felt slippers, ribbon-trimmed and with lamb's wool soles; colors: \$1.

Women's pocketbook slippers, special, **85c**

Imported camel's hair slippers in plain or plaid effects in tones of brown: \$1 to 2.50.

First floor.

Quilted satin boudoir slippers, blue or pink: 1.50, \$2.

## Mandel Brothers

### Special Coat Value for Saturday at **\$25**

This coat sketched is one of them. A new fabric called "Bear" cloth, lined with plaid silk lining, belted and with novel crush collar.

In Brown and Blue Shades.

Other equally smart coats as unique in style and as unusual in value in this collection.

Other Coats at **\$20 and \$25**

All High-priced Suits  
Now at **\$50**  
Former values were \$150, \$125, \$115, \$110, \$100, \$95 and so on

3 Choice Lots of  
Street and Party Dresses  
at **\$15, \$20, \$25**  
Values up to \$45



This Coat Today \$25  
All Walrus Now Half-Price  
They make beautiful and useful Xmas Gifts.

### EDUCATIONAL

**PLAYGROUND WORK** Special Ten Week Course For Teachers and Social Workers. Begins Jan. 5. Fee \$10.00. Address: Playground Department, 411 North Dearborn Street, Chicago.

**CHICAGO SCHOOL OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION** For Women. Mrs. Helen L. Foster, President. Mid-Year Class begins February 1st. New Normal Course for Physical Education, Gymnastics, and Physical Training. For detailed information address: Secretary, Box 14, 411 North Dearborn Street, Chicago.

IT PAYS  
TO ADVERTISE  
IN THE TRIBUNE

Estimated, Man-  
-Sports,  
-Color Section.

VOLUM

**RU**  
NACO C  
COWER  
SAND

Americans  
as Mexi  
Pepper

U. S. TROOP

BY FLOYD  
STAFF CO.  
Naco, Ariz.,  
"Uncle Sam" is  
own back porch.  
in this town are  
Their women and  
quartered in the  
Church of St. An-  
Bullete continues  
line today. The  
the vortex of the  
the Mexican into  
the encampment  
troops has been  
border and out of  
these dauntless  
to abandon their  
Frame House.  
Almost every day  
is fortified on the  
the three sides by  
pita. Bales of h  
the exposed sides  
Cylindrical, segme  
the protection of a  
holders fortunate  
Don Jose has m  
ing house the ene  
surrounding his ba  
of tin cracker b  
Sand bags are pil  
screen the entranc  
doorway.

U. S. Troop  
Three sections of  
States reinforcements  
afternoon, under  
Rogers of the Elga  
stead of inspiring  
of the fighting M  
the trains was the  
of a timely melo  
sputtering of shot  
Brig. Gen. Tasker  
of the troops had  
forcements to qual  
the city. Gen. Bl  
ment during the d  
nounce the expect  
morning of Brig.  
chief of the staff of  
It is expected t  
Twenty-second reg  
two more batteries  
tillery will arrive  
prise the Sixth In  
Brig. Gen. Thomas

Description  
The main street  
south. It crosses  
angles and then b  
on the Mexican a  
cosmopolitan nam  
elocal "is ascribed  
parallel to the bor  
Place one point  
tersection of Main  
line and using a qu  
a semi-circle to th  
and touching it o  
The semi-circle  
tion of the intern  
paulin G. Hill, the  
1,500 Carrañistas  
feeding the besiege  
are imbedded beh  
ground, which is  
in a basin.  
The principal bu  
Gen. Hill's headqu  
Jail, and the bui  
amphitheater upon  
as are depending  
fence.

"Home" of  
When the radi  
the same central p  
semi-circle, conce  
beyond it.  
The outer circle  
of Gen. Jose M. M  
alist governor of  
and commander o  
2,000 Villista sold  
diase.  
To the east, sou  
trenches the plain  
ley over which the  
stand like mist  
a mile away.  
The semi-circle  
(Continued on

**AMUSEMENTS**  
**ILLINOIS** Every  
Night  
State on Sale up to Jan. 1  
**POP. MAT. TODAY**  
50c to \$1.50  
WORLD'S BIGGEST AND BEST  
**Ziegfeld Follies**  
100—REDFIELD BEAUTIES—100

**PIPE ORGAN CONCERT**  
By DR. LOUIS FALK, Organist  
DAILY FROM 11 A. M. TO 11 P. M.  
**MANDALIN INN**  
414-416 Wabash Ave.  
Vocal selections by MISS MAE SAMPSON,  
Soprano, and DONATO MALACOSA, Tenor.

**JONES, LUTHER & SCHAEFER**  
**LA SALLE** TODAY  
William Rock & Maude Fulton.  
In the 1818 Fashion Museum, Room  
**THE CANDY SHOP**  
With AL, GERALD & TONY

**AMUSEMENTS**  
**Damon and Pythias**  
MOTION PICTURE THEATRE  
Fine Arts Theater  
Michigan Ave., near Van Buren St.  
Daily from 11 A. M. to 11 P. M.  
Weekend Sunday 2 P. M. to 11 P. M.  
PRICES 10c and 50c

**PRINCESS** \$1.50 Mat. Today  
**KITTY MacKAY**  
with MOLLY McINTYRE

**GARRICK** MAT. TODAY  
OLIVER MORROW Presents  
**Peg O' My Heart**

**IMPERIAL** Twice Today, Trial of  
STARTING TOMORROW MATINEE  
Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm

**AMUSEMENTS**  
**COHAN'S GRAND MATINEE**  
SEWELL & COMPANY'S  
**Under Cover**  
With H. H. WARNER

**OLYMPIC** MATINEE TODAY  
HOLIDAY MATINEE XMAS DAY  
**Potash & Perlmutter**

**CROWN** Mat. Today and Tonight  
REX HONAN  
TOMORROW AND ALL NEXT WEEK  
(Continued) and On at  
50 N. FURNITLAND.

**JOHN BUNNY**

**AMUSEMENTS**  
**PALACE** MUSIC HALL  
JOHNNY HYAMS & MIKE DONLIN  
LEILA McINTYRE, MARTY MAHALE  
The Little Queen, The Giant & Young  
Mildred Ann Cannon, The Paul & Car  
CLAUDE & LONNIE  
JAMES DIAMOND & STYLISH KENNEDY  
EVA & FLORENCE  
LES SALVAGUES  
Michigan Street, City  
14, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, 100

**POWERS'** Matinee Today, 2:30  
Nightly, 8:00, 10:00, 11:30  
LAUGHING HIT OF THE YEAR  
**The Misleading Lady**  
With LUTHER & SCHAEFER  
State Now, All Performances to January 2.

**LITTLE** Mat. Thurs. Fourth Floor  
and Sat. First Arts Bldg.  
**THE PHILANDER**  
By  
Bernard Shaw

**COLUMBIA** Twice Daily  
**THE WINNING WIDOWS**  
KERRY-PAT WHITE and BIG JUBILEE